

"End Term Examination, April-2023"

SEMESTER	2 nd	DATE OF EXAM	25.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Production Ergonomics and Work Place Design	SUBJECT CODE	MEH507-T
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	I
TIME	09:00AM-12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	75
PROGRAM	M.Tech	CREDITS	04
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. Ajit	NAME OF COURSE CORDINATOR	Dr. Ajit

Note: Attempt all questions from part A and two questions from part B and one question from part

Q.N	VO.	QUESTIONS	MAR KS	СО	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
	1.	When should ergonomics principles be used in workplace design?	3	CO1	BT3, BT2	12.2.1
	2.	Write a short note on effect of light and sound on human performance.	3	CO2	BT1, BT3	12.3.1
a	3.	What is a chronocyclegraph? What are the two factors that you can understand from it?	3	CO1	BT3	10.3.1
P	4.	Define ineffective time. Which are the factors reducing productivity?	3	CO2	BT2	12.3.1
PART (A)	5.	Write a short note on effect of cognitive load on human performance.	3	CO3	BT3	1.1.2
	6.	What is manual material handling?	3	CO3	BT3	12.2.1
	7.	Define the physical space and arrangement.	3	CO4	ВТ3	10.3.1
	8.	What are the principles of arrangement of component?	3	CO4	BT2	12.2.1 12.2.2
	9.	Differentiate between standard time and basic time.	3	CO3	BT3	12.2.1 12.2.2
	10	Discuss the rate of energy expenditure.	3	CO3	BT2	12.2.2

	1.	List out the consideration of the factors governing the performance of man- machine system. Define the effect of environmental conditions and work design on energy expenditure.	15	CO4	BT4	12.2.2
PART (B)	2.	Explain some ways to reduce musculo-skeletal stress through work place design.	1.5	004	DT2	12.2.2
		Discuss the role of human factors data for interface	15	CO4	BT3	12.2.2
	3.	design and general location of controls and display.				
	.		15	CO3	BT4	12.2.2
		Discuss the role of ergonomic standards and human	8			
		factors for the following case study.				
PART (C)	1.	Suppose there is a bank which opens on 9 am every day (except Sunday) and closes at sharp 5 pm. There are total 25 employees working in this bank. Out of these, 15 (class B) are only for only registering customer's data (both exchange) in a computer which is connected online through CBS technology. 5 (class B2) employees are receiving calls from customers and providing them updates, bank plans and also redressing the customer's grievances. Rests three are helpers (class C) and one is AGM while other is General Manager (class A). Initially when all have to do their duty/work assigned for 8 hours with lunch break from 1:30 to 2 pm for 30 minutes. What type of problems will be suffered by all employees?	1.5	004	DTG	12.2.2
		What is Anthropometry and explain principles used in	15	CO4	BT5	12.2.2
	2.	application of anthropometric data.				
			15	CO4	BT2	12.2.2

*************** END **********



MANAV RACHNA UNIVERSITY DEPARTMENT OF SCIENCES

"End Term Examination, Jan-June-2023"

SEMESTER	2 nd	DATE OF EXAM	25.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Optics and Wave Oscillations	SUBJECT CODE	PHH110B-T
BRANCH	SMA	SESSION	I
DURATION	3 hrs. (01:00-4:00 P.M.)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B. Tech.	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. D. K. Sharma	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr. D. K. Sharma

Note: All questions are compulsory

[SET B]

(Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PART-A	Q1	Discuss the phenomena of interference of light due to thin films of uniform thickness in reflected light and find the condition of maxima and minima.	10	. CO1	BT4
PART-B	Q2	Describe the construction and working of Laurent's half shade polarimeter. Explain how you would use to determine the specific rotation of sugar solution.	10	CO2	BT5
PART-C	Q3	Discuss the principal of optical pumping and stimulated emission of radiation. Explain the properties of laser radiation and mention some of its applications.	10, 10	CO3	BT5
RT-C	Q4	Explain how light is guided by an optical fiber. Define acceptance angle and numerical aperture. How are they related to the refractive indices of the sore and cladding.	5,5,10	CO3	ВТ3
PAR	Q5	Define damped harmonic oscillator. Write differential equation for a damped harmonic oscillator. Solve the differential equation and discuss specially the case of oscillatory motion.	5,5,10	CO4	BT2, BT4
PART-D	Q6	Establish the differential equation for forced harmonic oscillator and discuss the condition for resonant amplitude. Show the dependence of the amplitude as a function of driving frequency.	10, 10	CO4	BT3, BT5



"T3 Examination, May-June, 2023"

SEMESTER 2nd		DATE OF EXAM	29.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	ADVANCED WELDING TECHNIQUES	SUBJECT CODE	МЕН508В-Т
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	
TIME	3 Hrs. (09:00AM-12:00PM)	MAX. MARKS	75
PROGRAM	M.Tech	CREDITS	03
NAME OF FACULTY	GIANENDER KAJAL	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	GIANENDER KAJAL

Vote: All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of descriptive type or numerical.

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
PART (A)	1(A)	Describe, with a neat sketch, the salient features and basic principles of resistance spot and seam welding.	05	CO1	BT3	12.2.1
(A)	1(B)	Explain the effect of welding parameters on weld bead geometry.	05	CO1	BT2	12.3.1
PAI	2(A)	Explain the structure and characteristics of welding arc with their different zone.	05	CO2	BT2	
PART (B)	2(B)	Difference between automatic and semi-automatic welding process with examples.	0.5	COZ	D1Z	10.3.1
			05	CO2	BT2,3	10.3.1

l,	3(A)	Brief explains the process of Electron beam welding. How is different from friction welding process? Can dissimilar metals be welded by electroslag welding? If so, give the necessary precautions.	05	CO3	BT3	3.1.4
PART (C)	3(B)	What are the various destructive and non-destructive testing techniques used to test the quality of welded joints?				3.1.1
			10	CO3	BT3	10.3.1
	3(C)	(a) Explain the principle and application of Explosive welding.(b) Difference between TIG, MIG & SAW process with practical application.				
			10	CO3	BT2	1.1.2
	4(A)	With neat labeled sketch explain Plasma Arc Welding. Write its advantages and disadvantages				
		Y	10	CO4	BT2	12.2.1
0	4(B)	List any five welding defects and describe the consequences of those defects and remedies.	10	901		
PART (D)	4(C)	Explain the effect of the following welding parameters on weld bead geometry: (a) Welding current (b) Arc Voltage (c) Welding Speed (d) Electrode diameter (e) Electrode feed rate (f) Preheat temperature (g) Electrode polarity	10	CO4	BT3	10.3.1

************* END **********



"End-Term Examination, Jan-May-2023"

SEMESTER	2 nd	DATE OF EXAM	31.05, 2023
SUBJECT NAME	Technical Research Paper Writing	SUBJECT CODE	MES513B
BRANCH	MECHANICAL	SESSION	T
TIME	9:00AM-10:30AM	MAX. MARKS	40
PROGRAM	М.ТЕСН.	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	SMRITI MISHRA	NAME OF SUBJECT- COORDINATOR	SMRITI MISHRA

Note: All questions are compulsory.

	Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PART-A	Q1(a	Illustrate the purpose of writing a research paper? Describe the guidelines for writing the technical research paper?			
r-A	Q1(b	What is the procedure of citing the references in the research paper?	5	C01	BT3
PA	Q2(a	What are the main characteristics of good academic writing in English?	5	CO1	BT2 BT2
PART-B	Q2(b	Explain the difference between technical research paper writing and review paper writing.			BIZ
PA	Q3(a	Discuss difference between qualitative and quantitative research approach. What is plagiarism and why it should be avoided while writing any research article?	10	CO2	BT2
PART-C	Q3(b	What are the sequences to be followed in writing? Abstract? Which format of the references should be preferred for writing the Book Chapter and Journal article?	10		BT3
			10	CO4	ВТ2



"End Term Examination, Jan-May 2023"

SEMESTER	4 th	DATE OF EXAM	19.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Lean Manufacturing	SUBJECT CODE	MEH609B-T
BRANCH	Mechanical Engineering	SESSION	I
TIME	09:00AM-12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	75
PROGRAM	M.Tech	CREDITS	3
NAME OF FACULTY	Ms. Smriti Mishra	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Ms. Smriti Mishra

Note: All questions are compulsory.

(Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
	Q1(A)	Briefly explain the importance of lean manufacturing and also Differentiate the key features of traditional manufacturing and lean manufacturing.	5	CO1	BT1
P	Q1(B)	What is the concept of value creation and waste elimination?	5	CO1	ВТ3
PART-A	Q1(C)	Explain the Kaizen technique. How will this method help in value creation and productivity enhancement?	5	CO2	BT2
	Q1(D)	Name 5S principles of quality related to lean manufacturing. Illustrate the preventive maintenance. Why it is important to increase the productivity	5	CO2	ВТ3
	Q1(E)	How to decide the batch size for quality production. What is the overall equipment effectiveness and how it can improve?	5	CO2	BT2
Ρ/	Q2(A)	Illustrate the concept of Just-in -Time manufacturing technique. What are the elements of JIT?	10	CO3	BL3
PART-B		Briefly explain key features of Pull Production. Write down the different models of Pull Production. What do you mean by inexpensive set-up and this type of set-up is preferable for which products?	10	CO3	ВТЗ
	Q2(B)				2000

PA	Q3(A)	What do you mean by Best Practices which a company should prefer to improve the productivity as well as employee satisfaction?	10	CO4	BT4
PART-C	Q3(B)	What is six sigma technique and how it will help to improve the productivity. Why ISO certification is required for the industry and what are the basic requirements for the ISO certification.	10	CO4	BT5
	Q3(C)	What is Optimized Production Technology? How it relates to small scale production industry, Discuss?	10	CO3	вт3



"End Term Examination, 2023"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM	22.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Mechatronics	SUBJECT CODE	MEH319B-T
BRANCH	ME (SMA)	SESSION	Ī
TIME	2 hours (9:00 -12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	75
PROGRAM	B.TECH	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. VINEET DUBEY	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr. VINEET DUBEY

Note: Part A: (9 marks) All questions are compulsory (Q1 (A)(B)(C)).

Part B: (6 marks) All questions are compulsory (Q2 (A)(B).

Part C: (30 marks) All questions are compulsory (Q 3(A)(B) and Q4(A)(B))

Part \mathfrak{D} : (30 marks) All questions are compulsory (Q.5(A)(B) and O6(A)(B))

	Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
PA	Q1(A)	Define different types of automation with suitable example.	3	CO1	BT1	1.4.1
PART-A	Q1(B)	Discuss the advantages of belt drive and rope drive?	3	CO1	BT2	1.4.1
A	1(0)	What are the static characteristics of sensors.	3	CO2	BT1	1.4.1
PA	Q2(A)	Explain the key element of mechatronics.	3	CO1	BT2	1.4.1
PART-B	Q2(B)	Explain pneumatic actuation system.	3	CO2	BT2	1.4.1
· · ·						1.1.1
PART-C	Q3(A)	Differentiate between the characteristic features of pneumatic and hydraulic automation.	10	CO2	BT2	144
T-C	Q3(B)	What are programmable logic controllers?	5	CO3	A	1.4.1

		Explain the laws of the robot given by]			
	Q4(A)	Asimov?	10	CO2	BT3	1.4.1
	Q4(B)	Illustrate the different basic requirement desired for a sensor or transducer?	5	CO1	BT3	1.4.1
						21112
	Q5(A)	Elaborate the essential elements of microcontroller and its industrial application.	10	CO4	втз	1.4.1
PART-D	Q5(B)	Evaluate the criterion regarding the safety of robots.	5	CO4	BT4	1.4.1
T-D	Q6(A)	Explain the architecture of microprocessor with a suitable diagram.	10	CO3	BT4	1.4.2
	Q6(B)	Differentiate between robotic end effector and robotic manipulator.	5	CO4	вт3	1.4.1
		TOTAL MARKS	75			

END



Department Of Mechanical Engineering "END TERM EXAMINATIONS, May-June, 2023"

SEMESTER	4th	DATE OF EXAM	22.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	MACHINE DESIGN-I	SUBJECT CODE	MEH302B-T
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	I
TIME	3hrs (9:00-12:00PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	в.тесн	CREDITS	04
NAME OF FACULTY	Nazish Ahmad Shamsi	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Nazish Ahmad Shamsi

Note: All questions are compulsory.

C).NO.	QUESTIONS	MA RKS	CO ADD RESS ED	BLOO M'S LEVEL	PI
	1(A)	Elaborate the purpose of tolerances given on a mechanical component with suitable example.	5	CO1	BT2	1.3.1
PART-A	1(B)	A rotating shaft, 40 mm in diameter, is made of steel (Syt = 580 N/mm2). It is subjected to a steady torsional moment of 250 N-m and bending moment of 1250 N-m. Calculate the factor of safety based on, (i) maximum principal stress theory; and (ii) Maximum shear stress theory.	5	CO1	BT4	1.4.1
	2(A)	What is the purpose of a coupling? Elaborate your answer by using suitable practical applications.	5	CO2	BT3	12.1.1
	2(B)	Write a brief note on types of failure on which shafts are designed.	5	CO2	BT2	1.3.1
PART-B	Q3(Λ)	A bracket is attached to a column by means of 6 identical bolts as shown in figure below. It carries a load of 60kN at a distance of 200mm from the center. Determine the diameter of bolts, if permissible shear stress is 150MPa.	20	CO3	BT5	2.3.1,12.1.1

		60 kN				
		75 mm				
		75 mm				
		50 mm -> - 50 mm	2		,	
		A bracket is supported by 4 identical rivets as shown in figure. Determine the diameter of the rivets if permissible shear stress is 100mn/mm ² .			,	
		100 25 kN				
		$ \begin{array}{c c} 25 \\ 25 \\ 25 \\ 3 \\ 0 \end{array} $				
	Q3(B)	Why the belts are commonly used in order to transmit	20	CO5	BT4	2.2.4
	Q4(A)	power. Elaborate your answer by discussing various types of belts used along with its advantages and disadvantages.	20	C04	BT2	1.3.1,2.2.4
PART-C		 Write a short Note on: (i) Discuss the advantages of hydraulic and pneumatic brakes. (ii) Factors on which brake capacity depends. (iii) Desirable properties for the material of belts. 				
		(iv) The purpose of using clutch and their various				
	Q4(B)	groups.	5*4	C04	BT3	2.3.2,12.1.1



"End Term Examination, MAY-2023"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF TY	
SUBJECT NAME	OPERATION	DATE OF EXAM SUBJECT CODE	MCH246B
BRANCH	RESEARCH		
TIME	BBA (BA) 9:00-12:00	SESSION	I
PROGRAM	BBA (BA)	MAX. MARKS CREDITS	80
NAME OF FACULTY	MNDEEP BHADANA	COURSE	MANDEEP
Note: Part A&R: Quastion		COORDINATOR	BHADANA

Note: Part A&B: Questions will be of 10 Marks each.

Part C&D: Each question will be of 15 marks. Attempt all questions.

Q.NO.		of 13 marks. Attempt all qu				
		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESS ED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	
A&B PART	Q1	What is Break Even Analysis? Draw the break even curve and explain it.	10	CO1	1.1	
T EB	Q2	A firm is producing 1000 units. At this level of output AC and AVC are respectively equal to Rs 240 & Rs 200. Find TFC, TVC, TC, AFC.	10		L1	
PART-C	Q3	Find an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using NWCR Method And optimize it by MODI method. W1 W2 W3 W4 SUPPLY	15	CO3	L2 L3	
	Q4	5 7 5 9 8 11	15	03	*	

		What do you mean by Dual Simplex method?			
- 1		Solve the given LPP by using Dual Simplex			
		method Minimize Z=2X1+4X2+6X3, subject to			
		constraints		×	
		$4X1-2X2+2X3 \ge 8$,			
שי		$2X1+2X2+4X3 \le 16$			
A		$2X2-2X3 \ge 4$,			
ART	Q5	and X1, X2, $X3 \ge 0$.	15	CO4	L4
		What is Big M method?			
D		Solve the given LPP by using Big M method			
		Minimize Z=14X1+30X2+40X3, subject to			
		constraints			
		$4X1+8X2+12X3 \ge 48$			
		$6X1+18X2+12X3 \ge 60$			
3	Q6	And X1, X2, $X3 \ge 0$.	15	CO4	L4



"End Term Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	4 th	DATE OF EXAM	26.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	THEORY OF MACHINE	SUBJECT CODE	MEH206B-T
BRANCH	MECHANICAL (SMA)	SESSION	1 st
TIME	3 hrs (9:00 - 12:00 PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.TECH.	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. Prashant Bhardwaj	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr. Prashant Bhardwaj

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory. Part B & C: Attempt any 4 out of 5 questions.

		The state of the s	j J	question	<i>ib</i> .
Q	.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRE SSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
	1(A)	Define instantaneous centre? What are the types of instantaneous centre?	5	CO1	BT2
PART-A	1(B)	Discuss the three types of instantaneous centres for a mechanism. Also write the relation between the number of instantaneous centres and the number of links in a mechanism.	5	CO1	BT2
	1(C)	Explain with sketches the different types of cams and followers.	5	CO2	BT3
PART-B	1(D) Q2	What do you understand by 'gear train'? Discuss the various types of gear trains. An epicyclic gear consists of three gears A, B and C as shown in Fig. below. The gear A has 72 internal teeth and gear C has 32 external teeth. The gear B meshes with both A and C and is carried on an arm EF which rotates about the centre of A at 18 r.p.m. If the gear A is fixed, evaluate the speed of gears B and C.	5	CO2	BT2 BT5

propert less	in fi	·			/ =
		E B			
	Q3	An aeroplane makes a complete half circle of 50 metres radius, towards left, when flying at 200 km per hr. The rotary engine and the propeller of the plane has a mass of 400 kg and a radius of gyration of 0.3 m. The engine rotates at 2400 r.p.m. clockwise when viewed from the rear. Find the gyroscopic couple on the aircraft and state its effect on it.		CO3	BT4
		A Porter governor has equal arms each 250 mm long and pivoted on the axis of rotation. Each ball has a mass of 5 kg and the mass of the central load on the sleeve is 25 kg. The radius of rotation of the ball is 150 mm when the governor begins to lift and 200 mm when the governor is at maximum speed. Find the range of speed, sleeve lift, governor effort and power of the governor in the following cases: 1. When the friction at the sleeve is neglected, and			
PART-C	Q4	2. When the friction at the sleeve is equivalent to 10 N. The turning moment diagram for a multicylinder engine has been drawn to a scale of 1 mm=4500 N-m vertically and 1 mm=2.4° horizontally. The intercepted areas between output torque curve and mean resistance line taken in order from one end are 342, -23, 245, -303, 115, -232, 227, -164 mm2, when the engine is running at 150 r.p.m. If the mass of the flywheel is 1000 kg and the total fluctuation of speed does not exceed 3% of the mean	20	CO3	BT4
T-C	Q5	speed, find the minimum value of the radius of gyration. A, B, C and D are four masses carried by a rotating shaft at radii 100, 125, 200 and 150 mm respectively. The planes in which the masses revolve are spaced 600 mm apart and the mass of B, C and D are 10 kg, 5 kg, and 4 kg respectively. Find the required mass A and the relative	20	. CO4	BT4
	Q6	angular settings of the four masses so that the shaft shall be in complete balance.	20	CO4	BT4



"END TERM Examination, MAY 2023"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM.	30.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Advanced Manufacturing	SUBJECT CODE	MEH212B-T
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	T
TIME	3 Hrs (9:00-12:00 PM)	MAX. MARKS	80
PROGRAM	B.Tech SMA	CREDITS	03
NAME OF FACULTY	MANDEEP BHADANA	Signature: HOD	

Note: Part A&B: Each question will be of 10 Marks.

Part C&D:. Each question will be of 15 marks. Attempt all questions.

Q.NO.	NO. QUESTIONS MARK S CO ADDRESS ED		BLOOM'S LEVEL		
PART-A&B	Q1	What are unconventional machining processes? Write any two processes with diagram, process parameters and also write their application.	10	CO1	L1
-A&B	Q2	Explain advanced casting also write any two advanced casting processes with their diagrams, processes parameter and application.	10	CO2	L2
PAI	Q3	What do you mean by Rapid prototyping? Explain Stereo lithography. Write its working principle, methods and applications.	15	CO3	L3
PART-C	Q4	Explain the fused Deposition method and write its application, limitation and advantages with suitable examples.	15	CO3	
PART-D	Q5	Explain the term advanced metal forming process. Write the working principle of high energy rate forming(HERF) with its applications and limitations.	15	CO4	L3
T-D	Q6	Explain the term Electro-magnetic forming? How it is different from normal metal forming process. Write its advantages, disadvantages and limitations of Electro-magnetic forming.	15	CO2	L5





DEPARTMENT OF Mechanical Engineering

"End Term Examination, Jan-June-2023"

SEMESTER SUBJECT	4th Fluid mechanics and	DATE OF EXAM SUBJECT CODE	30/05/2023 MEH207B-T
NAME BRANCH	Machine B.TECH- ME	SESSION	I
TIME	180 Minutes	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM NAME OF FACULTY	B.TECH SANJAY TANEJA	CREDITS HOD	04

Note: Part A & B - All questions are compulsory. (10x2=20 marks)

Part C & Part D-Attempt two questions each from Part C and Part D(4x20=80 marks)

Q).NO.	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRESSE D	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI
	Q1(A)	Calculate the specific weight, density of 1 litre of a liquid which weighs 7 Newton.	2	CO1	вт3	1.4.1
PART-A &	1(B)	Define Newton law of Viscosity.	2	CO1	BT1	1.3.1
	1(C)	If the velocity distribution over a plate is given by u= 2/3 y-y ² in which u is velocity in m/s at a distance y meter above the plate. Calculate the shear stress at y=0.15 meter. Take dynamic viscosity of fluid 8.63 Poise.	2	CO1	вт3	1.4.1
B	1(D)	Differentiate between Kinematic and Dynamic viscosities.	2	C01	BT2	2.2.4
	1(E)	Define the following:- (a) Laminar flow (b)Uniform flow	2	CO2	вт1	1.3.1, 12.1.1

	Q2(A)	Differentiate between Steady and Unsteady flow with example.	2	CO2	BT2	2.2.4
	2(B)	Explain all the assumptions of Bernoulli's equation	2	CO2	BT2	2.3.2, 12.1.1
	2(C)	Water is flowing through a pipe of 5cm diameter under a pressure of 29.43N/cm² with a mean velocity of 2.0m/s. Find the total head or total energy per unit weight of the water at a cross section which is 5 meter above the	2	CO2	вт3	2.3.1
	2(D)	datum line. Define the purpose of Draft tube.	2	CO2	BT4	2.2.4
	2(E)	What is Hagen Poiseuille's Formula?	2	CO2	BT2	2.3.1
	Q3(A)	Derive an expression for maximum efficiency of Pelton wheel turbine by giving a relationship between jet speed and bucket speed.	10	CO4	ВТ6	2.3.1, 12.1.1
d: cor	3(B)	A Pelton wheel is having a mean bucket diameter of 1 meter and is running at 1000 r.p.m. The net available head on the Pelton wheel is 700 meter. If the side clearance angle is 15° and discharge through nozzle is 0.1 cubic meter per second, Find Power available at nozzle and	10	CO4	вт3	2.3.1
P	Q4(A)	Hydraulic efficiency of the turbine. Take Cv=0.985, Speed ratio=0.45 Explain working of Francis turbine	10	CO4	ВТ2	2.3.2
PART-C	4(B)	A turbine is to operate under a head of 25 meter at 500 r.p.m. If the discharge of the turbine is 9 cubic meter per second and its overall efficiency is 90%. Determine its specific speed, power generated and	10	CO4	BT3,BT5	2.3.1,
	Q5	also type of turbine. A Kaplan turbine runner is to be designed to develop 7357.5 KW Shaft power. The net available head is 5.50 meter. Assuming a speed ratio 2.09 and flow ratio is 0.68. If the overall efficiency of the turbine is 60% and diameter of boss is 1/3 of diameter of the runner. Calculate the diameters of the runner, its speed and specific speed of the turbine and also justify the selection of the turbine.	20	CO4	втз,вт5	2.3.1, 12.1.1

		* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	34			
	Q6(A)	A centrifugal pump is to discharge 0.118 cubic meter per second at a speed of 1450 r.p.m against a head of 25 meter. The impeller diameter and width at outlet is 250 mm & 50mm. If manometric efficiency of the pump is 75%. Determine the vane angle at outer periphery of the impeller.	10	CO3	вт3	2.3.1
	6(B)	Derive an expression for minimum starting speed of a centrifugal pump.	10	CO3	ВТ6	2.3.1
PART-D	Q7(A)	Differentiate between Centrifugal and Reciprocating pump.	10	CO3	BT2	2.2.4
Ü	7(B)	Describe the purpose of air vessel in reciprocating pump and also define its working with neat sketch.	10	CO3	BT2	1.1.2
	Q8	Write short notes on any four of the following. (1) Governing of turbine (2) Specific speed (3) Slip, negative slip (4) Cavitation (5) Types of similarities	20	CO3,CO4	BT2,BT3	1.1.2



"PSC-End Term Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	5th	DATE OF EXAM	3152023
SUBJECT NAME	Heat Transfer	SUBJECT CODE	МЕН303В-Т
BRANCH	ME-SMA	SESSION	<u> </u>
TIME	3 Hrs. (01:00-04:00 PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.Tech	CREDITS	04
NAME OF FACULTY	GIANENDER KAJAL	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	GIANENDER KAJAL

Note: All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of descriptive type or numerical.

Q.1	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
PART (A)	1(A)	Define the overall heat transfer coefficient? Obtain the expression for composite wall with three layers with convective conditions over the wall.	05	CO1	BT3	12.2.1
Γ(A)	1(B)	What is meant by critical thickness of insulation? How it is calculated in case of cylinder?	05	CO1	BT2	12.3.1
-	2(A)	Name and explain briefly the various modes of Heat transfer	05	CO2	BT2	10.3.1
PART (B)	2(B)	What do you mean by Prandtl No. and thermal conductivity? Name the materials which have higher thermal conductivity.	05		B12	10.5.1
			05	CO2	BT2,3	10.3.1

Γ'					T	
	3(A)	Derive a general expression for three-dimensional heat transfer equation in Cartesian coordinate system.	*			
			10	CO3	BT3	3.1.4
PART (C)	3(B)	How are the heat exchangers classified? Sketch the temp variations in (i) parallel flow heat exchanger (ii) counterflow heat exchangers.				
			10	CO3	BT2	10.3.1 12.1.1
	3(C)	Define effectiveness of heat exchanger. Derive the equation for parallel flow heat exchanger using NTU method				
			20	CO3	BT2	1.1.2
	4(A)	Derive an expression for log mean temperature difference of parallel flow heat exchanger.	10	GOA	7.50	12.2.1
		Differentiate between week in Classes Classes	10	CO4	BT2	12.2.2
PART (D)	4(B)	Differentiate between mechanism of heat transfer by free and forced convection. Mention some of the areas where these mechanisms are predominant.				
r (i		-	10	CO4	BT3	10.3.1
)		Write a short note on:				
		(a) Physical significance of Biot and Fourier No.				
	4(C)	(b) Laminar and Turbulant flow				
5		(c) Physical significance of Reynolds, and Grashoff No.	20	CO4	ВТ3	10.3.1

************** END **********



"PSC-End Term Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	5th	DATE OF EXAM	31.5.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Heat Transfer	SUBJECT CODE	МЕН303В-Т
BRANCH	ME-SMA	SESSION	11
TIME	3 Hrs. (01:00-04:00 PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.Tech	CREDITS	04
NAME OF FACULTY	GIANENDER KAJAL	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	GIANENDER KAJAL

Note: All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of descriptive type or numerical.

Q.N	10 .	QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
PAI	1(A)	Define thermal diffusivity? What is the significance of thermal diffusivity in heat conduction process?				
			05	CO1	BT3	12.2.1
PART (A)	1(B)	Derive a general equation of heat transfer through cylindrical in one dimensional only. And also derive equation of heat transfer through composite cylinders.	05	CO1	BT2	
PA	2(A)	Derive the relation of temperature distribution and heat transfer for rectangular fin tip is insulated. How the fin thickness influences the efficiency of a fin	,			12.3.1
PART (B)	2(B)	Distinguish between steady-state conduction and unsteady-state conduction.	05	CO2	BT2	10.3.1
			05	CO2	BT2,3	10.3.1

	Sales and the control of					
	3(A)	Derive a general expression for three-dimensional heat transfer equation in cylindrical coordinate system.				
			10	CO3	BT3	3.1.4
PAR	3(B)	Derive an expression for log mean temperature difference of counter flow heat exchanger.				
PART (C)			10	CO3	BT3	10.3.1 12.1.1
		Write a short note on:				
		(a) Physical significance of Biot and Fourier No.				
	3(C)	(b) Laminar and Turbulant flow				
			10+10	CO3	BT2	1.1.2
		Distinguish between natural and forced convection heat				
	4(A)	transfer. Also Define velocity & thermal boundary layer thickness. Using dimensional analysis, obtain a general				
	4(A)	form of equation for forced Convective heat transfer				
			10	CO4	BT3	12.2.1 12.2.2
70		The inner surface of a plane brick wall is at 40°C and the		C04	D13	12.2.2
AR	1000	outer surface is at 20°C.Calculate the rate of heat transfer				
PART (D)	4(B)	per m ² of surface area of the wall, which is 250 mm thick. The thermal conductivity of the brick is 0.52 W/m°C.		*		
٩		The thermal conductivity of the brick is 0.32 W/m ² C.	10	CO4	BT4	10.3.1
		Write explanatory notes on any two:			DIT	10.5.1
		a) The Stefan-Boltzmann law				
	4(C)	b) Wein's Displacement Law				
			10+10	CO4	BT3	10.3.1

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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGG.

"End Term Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	utu utu	DAME OF THE	
SUBJECT	STRENGTH OF	DATE OF EXAM	03.06.2023
NAME	MATERIAL	SUBJECT CODE	MEH205B-T
BRANCH	MECHANICAL	SESSION	
IIME	3 Hrs. (9:00-12:00 PM)	And the same of th	MORNING
PROGRAM	B.TECH		100
NAME OF		CREDITS	5
FACULTY	PRADEEP Kr. MOURIA s are compulsory.	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	PRADEEP Kr. MOURIA

Note: All questions are compulsory.

	Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
	1(A)	Determine the stress induced in different section of the beam length of AB=BC=CD=DE=EF= 500mm and E= 200 GPa.			
PART-/		200KN 30KN 70 KN 40 KN 60 KN 200 KN			
	1(B)	Draw the shear force and bending moment diagram of the beam shown below: 10 KN 50 KN 60 KN 10 KN A B C D F	10	CO1	L1
			10	C02	L2

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		Find out the deflection at the different point of the beam shown below:	t.		
PART-	2	70KN 60KN 50 KN			
B		A B	20		,
	3	Drive the Torsion Equation also write the Assumptions.	9	C03	L3
PART-C		Draw the SFD and BMD of the fixed beam drawn below	. 20	C03	L4
R		70 KN 50 KN 90KN			
		1 1 1			
	4	1	20	C04	L4
.)	5	Drive the Expression for Buckling force for the column having both end Fixed.	20	C04	L3



MANAV RACHNA
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DEPARTMENT OF MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

"End-Term Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	6 th	DATE OF EXAM	19.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Internal combustion engine & Gas Turbines	SUBJECT CODE	MEH320B-T
BRANCH	Mechanical engineering	SESSION	77
TIME	3 Hrs(01:50-4:50PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.Tech	CREDITS	3
NAME OF FACULTY	PIYUSH MAHENDRU	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	PIYUSH MAHENDRU

Note: Part A & B: All questions are compulsory. Part C & D: Attempt any two in each section

		i computationy. Turn C	W. D. Allen	ipi any iwo in e	ach section		
	Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI	
PART-A	1(A)	In an SI engine working on the ideal Otto cycle, the compression ratio is 5.5. The pressure and temperature at the beginning of compression are 1 bar and 27°C respectively. The peak pressure is 30 bar. Determine the pressure and temperature at the salient points, the air standard efficiency and the mean effective pressure. Assume ratio of specific heats to be 1.4 for air.				2.1.	
PART-B	Q2(A)	What do you mean by injection system in Engines? Classify it and briefly explain any one of them		C01	2	2.1.	
	Q3(A)	What are the different factors are to be classified in evaluating the performance of an engine. Explain indicated mean effective pressure, indicated power & brake power with their expression.	20	CO2	2	1.3.	
PART-C	3(B)	An eight cylinder, 4 stroke engines of 9 cm bore and 8cm stroke with a compression ratio of 4 is tested at 4500 rpm on a dynamometer which has 54 cm arm. During a 10 minute test the dynamometer scale beam reading was 42 kg and the engine consumed 4.4 kg of		CO1	4	4.2	

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		gasoline having a calorific value of 44000 KJ/kg. air 27°C and 1 bar was supplied to the carburetor at the rate of 6 kg/min. Find (i) The brake power delivered (ii) The brake mean effective pressure (iii) The brake specific fuel consumption (iv) The brake thermal efficiency and (v) The air fuel ratio		•		
	Q3(C)	Explain dual fuel engines and compare its performance torque vs. speed, BSFC, brake thermal efficiency and CO emission vs. compression ratio.	20	° CO3	2	2.1.
PART-D	Q4(A)	An open cycle gas turbine plant has a single stage compressor and a single stage expander incorporating a heat exchanger. The air suction temperature is 17 °C and the pressure is 1 bar. For and overall pressure ration of 4.5 and shaft output of 4000 KW, the mass flow is 40kg/s . if the thermal ratio of the heat exchanger is 0.6 and the isentropic efficiency of compressor is 0.84, calculate the isentropic efficiency of the gas turbine for a thermal efficiency of 0.29. Take for air $\gamma = 1.4$, $C_{pa} = 1.005$ KJ/Kg K; for gas $\gamma = 1.365$, $C_{pg} = 1.07$ KJ/Kg K.	20	CO4	4	4.2
	Q4(B)	Explain open cycle gas turbine. Also explain different methods of improving thermal efficiency of open cycle gas turbine	20	C03	2	2.1.
	Q4(C)	What do you mean by Lubrication system and its purpose? Classify them and explain anyone in brief with block diagram.	20	CO4	1	1.3.

END



"End Term Examination, MAY-2023"

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	22.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	OPERATION RESEARCH	SUBJECT CODE	MEH 310-B
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	I
TIME	9:00-12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.TECH SMA	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	MNDEEP BHADANA	COURSE COORDINATOR	MANDEEP BHADANA

Note: Part A&B: Questions will be of 10 Marks each.

Part C&D:. Each question will be of 20 marks. Attempt all questions.

	Q.NO. QUESTIONS		MARKS	CO ADDRESS ED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
A PA	Q1	What is Break Even Analysis? Draw the break even curve and explain it.	10	CO1	L1
A&B PART-	Q2	A firm is producing 1000 units. At this level of output AC and AVC are respectively equal to Rs 240 & Rs 200. Find TFC, TVC, TC, AFC.	10	CO2	L2
70	Q3	Find an initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem using NWCR Method And optimize it by MODI method. W1 W2 W3 W4 SUPPLY	20	CO3	L3
PART-C	DEMAND 16 18 31 25 Briefly explain the Hungarian Method procedure with example. Solve the assignment problem by Hungarian method to assign the different jobs to different operators so that the time should be minimized. JOB/OPERATOR 1 2 3 4 5 1			CO3	L3

PART-D	Q5	What do you mean by Dual Simplex method? Solve the given LPP by using Dual Simplex method Minimize $Z=2X1+4X2+6X3$, subject to constraints $4X1-2X2+2X3 \ge 8$, $2X1+2X2+4X3 \le 16$ $2X2-2X3 \ge 4$, and $X1, X2, X3 \ge 0$. What is Big M method? Solve the given LPP by using Big M method Minimize $Z=14X1+30X2+40X3$, subject to constraints $4X1+8X2+12X3 \ge 48$	20	CO4	L4
	Q6		20	CO4	L4



"T3 Examination, May-2023"

SEMESTER	6th	DATE OF EXAM	24.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Refrigeration & Air Conditioning	SUBJECT CODE	МЕН311В-Т
BRANCH	ME-SMA	SESSION	I
TIME	3 Hrs. (01:00 - 4:00 PM)	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	B.Tech	CREDITS	04
NAME OF FACULTY	GIANENDER KAJAL	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	GIANENDER KAJAL

Note: All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of descriptive type or numerical.

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО	BLOOM' S LEVEL	PI
PAR	1(A)	What do you mean by COP? Derive expression for the refrigeration system, heat pump and heat engine with neat sketch.	05	CO1	BT3	12.2.1
PART (A)	1(B)	State the chemical formula of R-12, R-11 and R-22. What do you mean by ozone layer depletion?	05	CO1	*	12.2.1
P	2(A)	Explain the term SHF & BPF in the psychrometric process with different condition. What would be the effect of BPF on the coil?	05	CO2	BT2	10.2.1
PART (B)	2(B)	Write short notes on: (i) How are the refrigerants classified? Discuss the desirable properties of a good refrigerant. (ii) Explain the term "tonne of refrigeration".	05	CO2	BT2,3	10.3.1

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	3(A)	The moist air at 1.013 bar and 40°C contain 10gm of vapour per kg of dry air. Saturation pressure of vapour at 40°C is 3.167KPa. Find relative humidity	10	CO3	BT4	3.1.4
PART (C)	3(B)	120 m³/min of air at 35 °C dry bulb temperature and 45% relative humidity is mixed with 325 m³/min of recirculated air at 20°C dry bulb temperature and 10 °C DPT. Determine the enthalpy, specific volume, humidity ration and DPT of the mixing stream.	10	CO3	BT4	10.3.1 12.1.1
	3(C)	Define and explain the following terms in relation to psychrometry (i) Dry bulb, wet bulb and dew point temperatures (ii) Relative humidity and specific humidity	10+10	CO3	BT3	1.1.2
	4(A)	Define Psychrometric chart. Explain the following psychrometric process (i) Adiabatic mixing of two streams (ii) heating & Dehumidification (iii) Cooling & Humidification (iv) heating & humidification	10	CO4	BT2	12.2.1
	4(B)	Write short notes on: (i) Types of Condensor (ii) Types of Throttling devices				
PART (D)	4(C)	 (i) Derive an expression for the COP of a Bell-Coleman air refrigeration cycle with the help of schematic, (P-V) and (T-S) diagram. (ii) In an air-craft refrigeration system, air enter compressor at 0.2MPa at 4 °C and it is compressed to 0.4MPa.The isentropic efficiency of compressor is 72%. The air is then cooled to 55 °C and constant pressure & is then expanded in turbine to a pressure of 0.1Mpa and isentropic efficiency of turbine is 75%. The refrigeration load is 3TR. Find: a) C.O.P of the system b) P_{in} in kW Given: γ=1.4, C_P=1.005 kJ/kg K, C_V =0.7 kJ/kg K for air 	10+10	CO4	BT3,5	10.3.1

************* END **********



"T3 Examination, May – June 2023"

SEMESTER	6 th	DATE OF EXAM	26.05.2023
SUBJECT NAME	Product design and development	SUBJECT CODE	ME 308-B
BRANCH	ME	SESSION	II
TIME	01:00-04:00PM	MAX. MARKS	100 .
PROGRAM	в.тесн	CREDITS	5
NAME OF FACULTY	J P SHARMA	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	J P SHARMA

Note: Part A, B & D: All questions are compulsory.

Part C: Attempt any two question

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI
A PART-	1(A)	What are the objectives of a product design? Explain features that are beneficial for good product design with step and its analysis.	10	CO1	BT1	1.2. 1
PAR	Q2(A)	Discuss FAST technique with their type with an example through block diagram. Write steps for material selection for a	5	CO2	BT1	1.2.
PART-B	2(B)	product on the basis of its performance. Explain Ashby's method.	5	CO2	BT1	1.2. 1
	Q3(A)	Explain Quality function deployment. Also explain the phases of QFD with block diagram of House of quality through an example	10	CO3	BT2	1.3.
T	3(B)	Explain the conventional Design process in brief through block diagram. What are the advantages of using CAD in design process?	10	CO3	BT2	1.2.
PART-C	Q4(A)	Discuss three stage processes for performance and quality in products with an example. Define Design for manufacturing. What are the	10	CO3	BT2	1.2.
C	4(B)	different manufacturing costs involved in manufacturing system. Also write different between DFA & DFM.	10	CO3	BT2	1.2. 1
	Q5(A)	Define Ergonomics with their benefits. Write different type of ergonomics and explain all of them. Explain with an example for design of	20	CO4	BT2	1.2. 1

		ergonomically efficient office chair.				
	Q6(A)	Write full form of DFMA and What identifies DFMA? Explain DFMA guidelines with example of components.	10	CO4	BT2	1.3.
	QU(A)	Explain the general guidelines for manual	10	C04	BIZ	1
		assembly. Also write steps for Rapid				1.3.
7	6(B)	prototyping system with their advantages.	10	CO4	BT2	1
PART-D		While conducting structural analysis of components in analysis software, what conclusion we got with contours of von-mises stresses, total deformation & modal analysis.			4	3.4.
	Q7(A)	Explain with an example.	10	CO4	BT6	2
		Write the steps involved for simulation in Hypermesh for a cantilever beam in Hypermesh. Also write the outcome we got in				3.1.
	7(B)	post processing of Results.	10	CO4	BT4	6

END





DEPARTMENT OF Mechanical Engineering

"End Term Examination, Jan-June-2023"

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SEMESTER	6th	DATE OF EXAM	30/05/2023
SUBJECT	Automobile	SUBJECT CODE	MEH313B-T
NAME BRANCH	Engineering B.TECH- ME (SMA)	SESSION	II
TIME	180 Minutes	MAX. MARKS	75
PROGRAM	в.тесн	CREDITS	03
NAME OF FACULTY	SANJAY TANEJA	HOD	Ind.

Note: Part A & B - All questions are compulsory. (15 marks)

Part C & Part D-Attempt two questions each from Part C& Part D. (4x15=60marks)

C).NO.	QUESTION S	MARKS	CO ADDRESSE D	BLOOM' S LEVEL	ΡĬ
	Q1(A)	Define working principle of clutch.	2	CO2	ВТ2	2.2.4
	1(B)	List out all the requirements of a good clutch.	2	CO2	ВТ2	1.3.1
PART-A	1(C)	What are the advantages of epicycle gear box?	2	CO2	BT1	1.3.1, 12.1.1
Γ-A &	1(D)	What is the drawback of constant mesh gear box?	2	CO2	BT1	2.2.4
В	1(E)	List out future trends in Automobile.	2	CO1	ВТ2	1.3.1
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	Q2(A)	Define control systems of Automobiles.	1	CO3	BT1	1.3.1
	2(B)	Define the term Toe in & Toe out.	2	CO3	BT1	1.3.1
	2(C)	What is the necessity of Power Transmission?	2	CO2	BT2	1.3.1
e Saister	Q3(A)	Explain all the salient features of Front engine front wheel drive and also draw its layout.	08	CO1	BT2,BT4	2.3.1, 12.1.1
	3(B)	What are the advantages of Diaphragm clutch over single plate clutch?	07	CO2	BT5	2.2.4
	Q4(A)	How differential works, Explain with neat sketch?	Ó8	CO2	BT2,BT4	2.2.4, 12.1.1
	4(B)	Describe function of Synchro mesh gear box with its benefits.	07	CO2	ВТ2	2.2.4
PART-C	Q5(A)	What is the purpose of suspension in automobiles and also describe importance of Macpherson suspension system?	08	CO3	BT2,BT4	2.2.4, 12.1.1
	5(B)	Define the term Castor, Camber and wheel balancing.	07	CO3	BT2,BT4	1.3.1, 12.1.1
			e p			

	Q6(A)	Compare Radial tyre with ordinary cross ply tyres.	08	CO4	BT5	2.2.4
	6(B)	Describe advantages of Tubeless tyre over normal tyre.	07	CO4	BT2	2.3.1
P	Q7(A)	Compare disc brake with drum brake with their limitations.	08	CO4	BT5	2.3.1, 2.2.4
A R	7(B)	What are the advantages of Hydraulic brakes over mechanical brakes?	07	CO4	ВТ2	2.2.4
T- D	Q8	Write short notes on any three of the following. (1) Four wheel drives (2) Safety trends in Automobiles (3) Wheel balancing (4) Power steering (5) Multi plate clutch	15	CO1,CO2,	BT2,BT4	2.2.4, 12.1.1
D		(2) Safety trends in Automobiles (3) Wheel balancing (4) Power steering	15	CO4	BT2,BT4	