

DEPARTMENT OF LAW "T3 Examination, June-2022"

13 Examination, June-2022

SEMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	23.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	Legal Methods	SUBJECT CODE	LWH107
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	П
TIME	19 30 PM - 3130 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B, Com LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Ms. Sampriti Phukan	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Ms. Sampriti Phukan

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESS ED	BLOO M'S LEVE L
Q.1	Write a short note on Analytical School and Sociological School of Law.		CO.	DT1
Q.2	"Custom is the mother of the substantive law". Discuss this statement. How far can custom be regarded as a living source of law today?	10	CO1	BT1 BT4
Q.3	Define Rule of Law.	10	COI	ВТ2
Q.4	Write about the various schools of research methodology.	10	CO3	вт з
Q.5	What do you understand by the Doctrine of Separation of Powers? Is the doctrine followed in India?			
		15	CO I	BT 4
Q.6	Write a short note on: Hierarchy of courts and jurisdiction in India.	16	60.1	BT 1
		15	CO 1	B1 1
Q.7	What is the meaning of citation? Elaborate the various	15	CO 4	BT 2

-34	system of citation with examples.			
Q.8	Explain the following: (a) Purpose or importance of writing a legal research report. (b) Structure of the legal research report. (c) Various contents to prepare a good legal research report.	15	CO 4	ВТ3



"T3 Examination, JUNE-2022"

SEMESTER	II	DATE OF EXAM	24.06.22
SUBJECT NAME	LAW OF CONTRACT-II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH108
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	2021-22 (耳)
TIME	12.3 · PM- 3::30PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/BCOMLLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	AMIT KUMAR	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	AMIT KUMAR

Note:

Part A and B- Attempt any two questions.

Part C- Attempt any two questions.

Part D- Attempt any two questions.

Q.NO.		NO. QUESTIONS		CO ADDRESSE D	BLOOM'S LEVEL
	QI	Explain the essential elements of Contract of Indemnity.	10	CO2	BT2
PART-A & B	Q2	"The liability of surety is coextensive with that of the principal debtor". Explain.	10	CO3	BT2
A & B	Q3	Write note on- a. Cancellation of instrument b. Permanent and temporary injunction	10	CO2	ВТІ
	Q4	Define Contract of Guarantee. Give the essentials of Contract of Guarantee.	10	CO3	вті
PART-C	Q5	Differentiate between 'sale' and "agreement to sell". Refer to provision of law and give suitable example. Can following be the subject matter of sale under the Sale of Goods Act, 1930? a. Electricity	20	CO4	ВТ4

HE S		b. Actionable claim	7		
		c. Standing timber			
		What are the conditions and warranties in			
		Sale of Goods Act, 1930? What are the			
	/	consequences of a breach of condition and warranty in a contract of sale? Refer to			
	Q6	provision of law and decided case.	20	CO3	BT2
		A agrees to sell B ten bales of Egyptian			
		cotton out of 100 bales lying in his godown. The godown has been destroyed by fire at the			
		time of the contract. A is unaware of this fact.			
		Who is to bear the loss? Give reasons.		COL	DTS
	Q7		20	C03	BT5
		a. Explain in detail the stages of performance in Sale of Goods Act, 1930?			
		III Sale of Goods Act, 1930?			
	1	b. What do you mean by doctrine of 'Nemo			
	Q8	dat quod non habet'.	20	CO3	BT2
		X contracted to sell Y the stock of firewood			
7	1 4	for Rs. 8,000. Y allowed X to keep all			
PART-D		firewood's in X's premises so long as it is not			
		lifted by him (Y) before making payment. In			
0		the meantime, fire took place and all firewood was destroyed. X claims the amount of Rs.			
		8,000 from Y, Y refuses to pay. X files a suit.			
		Will X succeed. Give reasons.		~	
	Q9		20	CO3	BT5
		Who is unpaid seller under the Sale of Goods			
		Act, 1930? When can unpaid seller exercise right of stoppage in transit? Discuss.	20	C04	BT1
	010	right of stoppage in transit: Discuss.	20	001	



School of Law

"T3 Examination, Jun-2022"

SEMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	27/06/22
SUBJECT	Economics II	SUBJECT CODE	LWIIII
NAME			
BRANCH	School of Law	SESSION	J. II.
TIME	, 3 held : 1018	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BALLB (II)	CREDITS	4
NAME OF	Shobhit Mohan	NAME OF	Shobhit Mohan
FACULTY		COURSE	
		COORDINATOR	

Note: 1. All questions are compulsory.

- 2. i) The MCQs have one or more than one correct answer.
- ii) A question is considered correctly answered if and only if all the correct options for that question have been chosen.
- iii) A correct answer gets you 2 points. An answer with at least one correct option and no incorrect option chosen gets you 1 point. Otherwise you get 0.
 - iv) For descriptive questions the word limit is 1200 words per question.
 - 3. Students are well advised to abide by the word limit for descriptive answers.

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MAR KS	CO ADD RES SED	BLOO M'S LEVE L
	1 A)	With which of the following would one associate the term, 'date of maturity': a) Bonds c) Savings in a bank b) Stocks d) Money stocked in a safe	02	1.2	BT2
P A	1 B)	When public saving in an economy is negative which one of the following is true for the economy: a) Budget surplus b) Budget deficit c) Balanced budget b) Budget deficit d) None of the options given	02	1.2	BT3
R T-	1 C)	What is the present value of a future sum of INR 5000 in 10 years using an interest rate of 12% in INR? a) 1610 c)9000 b) 1070 d)9875	02	2,3	втз
A	1 D)	In case of the 'crowding out effect' which of the following happens: a) Interest rate rises b) Investment falls d) National saving is reduced	02	2,3	вт2

		Minimum wage laws lead to unemployment because of:			
	1 E)	a) Binding price ceiling c) Surplus of labour			
		b) Binding price floor d)Scarcity of labour	02	2,3	ВТ2
-		Which of the following is(/are) possible reason(s) for natural			
	4 17)	unemployment in the economy?			
	1 F)	a) Unemployment Insurance c) Efficiency Wages			
	T- 1	b) Minimum-wage Laws d) None of the options given	02	1,2	BT2
	The last	Which of the following is (/are) the characteristic feature(s)			
		of Efficient Market Hypothesis?			
	1 G)	a) Market rationality c) Random walk			
		b) Market irrationality d) Informational efficiency	02	1,2	BT2
		Which of the following is the most liquid asset?			
	1 H)	a) Bonds c) Paper currency			
	,	b) Stocks d) House	02	2,3	втз
		Which of the following are potential challenges for RBI in	102	1	
	111	controlling money supply in the economy:			
	Comments	a) Amount of money that households choose to deposit in			
	11)	the banks			
	1,1	b) Amount of money that bankers choose to lend			
	1.00	c) Amount of money that Government chooses to spend			
	1233	d) None of the options given	02	2,3	BT2
	7	If the reserve ratio is 1/8 and the central bank increases		12,5	
		the quantity of reserves in the banking system by INR	1		
	1])	1800, the money supply increases by:			
	1))	a) 14400 c) 225			
	511	b) 10000 d) 250	02	1,2	втз
	- 10	Classical dichotomy entails the theoretical separation of:	,		
		a) Real wage and nominal wage			
	1 K)	b) Real GDP and nominal GDP			
	110)	c) Real interest rate and nominal interest rate			
	17.1	d) Real GNP and nominal GNP	02	3,4	вт3
		The quantity equation relates:			
		a) Quantity of money			
		b) Velocity of money			
	1 L)	c) Rupee value of the quantity of goods and services			
	1 1.	produced in the economy			
		d) Quantity of goods and services produced in the			
	1000	economy	02	3.4	BT2
	7/4	Which of the following actions by the RBI would reduce the			
		money supply?			
	32.0	a) an open-market purchase of government bonds			
	1 M)	b) a reduction in banks' reserve requirements			
	- 300	c) an increase in the interest rate paid on reserves			
	Car Committee	d) None of the options given	02	3,4	втз
		Which of the following is(/are) limitation(s) specific to the			
100	1 N)	concept of purchasing power parity?			
	IN	a) Many goods are not easily traded	02	3,4	BT2
100	THE PARTY OF THE P	u/ many goods are			

b) Some tradable goods are not perfect substitutes of their foreign counterparts c) Illegal goods are not counted towards trade between countries d) None of the options given When the RBI increases the rate of money growth, the long-run result is both a higher inflation rate and a higher nominal interest rate. This is known as a) Fisher effect c) Laffer's curve b) Inflation tax d) Phillip's curve Hyperinflations occur when the government runs a large budget which the central bank finances with a substantial monetary a) deficit contraction b) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion If an economy always has inflation of 10 percent per year for the past several years, which of the following costs of inflation will it suffer? 1Q) a) shoeleather costs from reduced holdings of money b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy: a) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 b) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If	-		1) 0			
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countries d) None of the options given When the RBI increases the rate of money growth, the long-run result is both a higher inflation rate and a higher nominal interest rate. This is known as a Fisher effect c) Laffer's curve b) Inflation tax d) Phillip's curve Byperinflations occur when the government runs a large budget which the central bank finances with a substantial monetary a) deficit contraction b) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion If an economy always has inflation of 10 percent per year for the past several years, which of the following costs of inflation will it suffer? 1 (1) a) shoeleather costs from reduced holdings of money b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy; 1 (R) b) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates d) Money 02 3,4 BT3 In the long run the economy's production of goods and services depends on its supply of: a) Labour c) Natural Resources d) Money 02 3,4 BT3 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Eflucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 12 1,2,3 BT3 With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy.						
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b) Inflation tax		10)	nominal interest rate. This is known as:			
b) Inflation tax			a) Fisher effect c) Laffer's curve			
budget which the central bank finances with a substantial monetary a) deficit. contraction b) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion 02 2,3 8T3 If an economy always has inflation of 10 percent per year for the past several years, which of the following costs of inflation will it suffer? 1 Q1 a) shoeleather costs from reduced holdings of money b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors 02 2,3 8T3 Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy: a) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 b) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade surplus then NCO < 0 c) Which of the following is correct in case of capital flight from a country A: a) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates c) A's currency appreciates d) Money 02 3,4 BT3 In the long run the economy's production of goods and services depends on its supply of: a) Labour c) Natural Resources b) Capital d) Money 02 3,4 BT2 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 12 1,2,3 BT3 Jiscuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. 12 1,3,4 BT2 With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy.				02	3,4	BT3
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a) deficit. contraction b) deficit, expansion If an economy always has inflation of 10 percent per year for the past several years, which of the following costs of inflation will it suffer? 1 Q1 a) shoeleather costs from reduced holdings of money b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy: a) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 b) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 c) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 d) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO < 0 All find the following is correct in case of capital flight from a country A: a) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates In the long run the economy's production of goods and services depends on its supply of: a) Labour b) Capital Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams Jiscuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. Vith the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,						
a) deficit. contraction b) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion d) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion d) surplus, expansion d) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion d) surplus deficit def		1 P)				
Surplus, expansion 102 2.3 3.13			a) deficit contraction c) surplus, contraction			
If an economy always has inflation of 10 percent per year for the past several years, which of the following costs of inflation will it suffer? 1 Q) a) shoeleather costs from reduced holdings of money b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy: a) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 b) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO < 0 b) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates 1 T) a) Labour c) Natural Resources b) Capital d) Money 1 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 2 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy.			b) deficit, expansion d) surplus, expansion	02	2,3	вт3
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b) menu costs from more frequent price adjustment c) distortions from the taxation of nominal capital gains d) arbitrary redistributions between debtors and creditors Which of the following is (/are) correct statement for an open economy: a) If there is trade deficit then NCO < 0 b) If there is trade surplus then NCO > 0 c) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0 d) If there is trade surplus then NCO < 0 b) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates In the long run the economy's production of goods and services depends on its supply of: a) Labour c) Natural Resources b) Capital d) Money 1Th Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy.		1.01				
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d) If there is trade surplus then NCO < 0 Which of the following is correct in case of capital flight from a country A: a) Real interest rates on loanable funds increase b) Real interest rates on loanable funds decrease c) A's currency depreciates d) A's currency appreciates In the long run the economy's production of goods and services depends on its supply of: a) Labour c) Natural Resources b) Capital d) Money 2 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,			c) If there is trade deficit then NCO > 0			
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services depends on its supply of: a) Labour b) Capital Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		- 17	d) A's currency approximes	02	3,4	BT3
services depends on its supply of: a) Labour b) Capital Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		7 50	In the long run the economy's production of goods and			
a) Labour c) Natural Resources b) Capital d) Money 02 3,4 BT2 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 12 1,2,3 BT3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. 12 1,3,4 BT2 With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,			services depends on its supply of:			
2 Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		1 T)				,
Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		-	a) Labour	02	3,4	ВТ2
phenomenon". Elucidate with the help of suitable examples and diagrams. 12 1,2,3 BT3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,			D) Capital			
examples and diagrams. 12 1,2,3 BT3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. 12 1,3,4 BT2 With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,			Inflation is always and everywhere a monetary			
3 Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation. 12 1,3,4 BT2 With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		2	phenomenon . Elucidate with the help of statuble	12	123	RT3
With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,					1,4,5	
With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a government running budget surplus on the open economy,		3	Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation.	12	1,3,4	ВТ2
government running budget surplus on the open economy,			With the help of suitable diagrams show the effects of a			
using macroeconomic analysis. 12 1,2,3 BT3		4	government running budget surplus on the open economy,			
	ě.	Maria Para	using macroeconomic analysis.	12	1,2,3	BT3

5	Discuss in detail all the factors that may cause a shift in the Aggregate Demand curve.	12		5500
6	Using suitable diagrams show all the effects of a Government making a defense expenditure of \$10 billion on Aggregate Demand. Using this analysis, what can we claim about the current situation in the Russian economy?	12	3,4	BT2
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School of Law

"T3 Examination, Jun-2022"

EMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	27/06/22 LWH119
UBJECT	Business and Growth	SUBJECT CODE	17
VME	Economics	- TON	I
RANCH	School of Law	SESSION	100
IME	3 Ms.	MAX. MARKS CREDITS	4
ROGRAM	BBALLB/ BComLLB(II)		Shobhit Mohan
AME OF	Shobhit Mohan	NAME OF COURSE	
ACULTY		COORDINATOR	

Note: 1. All questions are compulsory.

2. i)The MCQs have one or more than one correct answer.

ii) A question is considered correctly answered if and only if all the correct options for that

iii) A correct answer gets you 2 points. An answer with at least one correct option and no question have been chosen. incorrect option chosen gets you I point. Otherwise you get 0.

iv) For descriptive questions the word limit is 1200 words per question.

3. Students are well advised to abide by the word limit for descriptive answers

0		or descriptive questions the word limit for descriptive an ents are well advised to abide by the word limit for descriptive an QUESTIONS	MAR KS	CO ADD RES SED	BLOO M'S LEVE L
Q.	1 A)	With which of the following would one associate the term. 'date of maturity' a) Bonds b) Stocks c) Savings in a bank d) Money stocked in a safe	02	1,2	BT2
)	1 13)	When public saving in an economy is negative which one of the following is true for the economy: a) Budget surplus b) Budget delicit c) Balanced budget d) None of the options given	02	1,2	вт3
}	1 C)	What is the present value of a fitting of a fitting of the present value of a fitting of the following with the present value of a fitting of the following out effect which of the following of the following out of the f	02	2,3	втз
1	1 D)	happens. a) Interest rate rises b) Investment falls d) National saving is reduced	02	2,3	вт2

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	Minimum wage laws lead to unemployment because of:			
1 E)	a) Binding price ceiling c) Surplus of labour			
	b) Binding price floor d)Scarcity of labour	02	2,3	BTZ
	Which of the following is(/are) possible reason(s) for natural			
	unemployment in the economy?			
1 F)	a) Unemployment Insurance c) Efficiency Wages			
	b) Minimum-wage Laws d) None of the options given	02	1,2	BTZ
	Which of the following is (/are) the characteristic feature(s)			
	Vinich of the following is (/ale) the characteristic		1	
1 G)	of Efficient Market Hypothesis? a) Market rationality c) Random walk			
•		02	1,2	BTZ
	b) Market irrationality d) Informational efficiency			
	Which of the following is the most liquid asset?			
1 H)	a) Bonds c) Paper currency	02	2,3	втз
	b) Stocks d) House			
	Which of the following are potential challenges for RBI in			
			1	
	a) Amount of money that households choose to deposit in			
11)	the banks			
	b) Amount of money that bankers choose to lend			
	c) Amount of money that Government chooses to approximately	02	2,3	BT2
	d) None of the options given			
	I atty of reserves in the banking system			
1 J)	1 1000 the money Supply Incided by			
1))	C) 223	02	1,2	BT3
	a) 14400 d) 250			
	b) 10000 d) 250 Classical dichotomy entails the theoretical separation of:			
	1 C - Lucado and Hollingi Wage			
110	a) Real Wage and hominal GDP b) Real GDP and nominal GDP	1		
1 K)	Deal interest rate and normal mar	02	3,4	BT3
	- I CNID 200 DOLLING SITE			
	The quantity equation relates.			
	a Quantity of money			
	b) Velocity of money			
	Ducce value of the quartity of 5	1		
1 L)	produced in the economy			
	produced in the economy d) Quantity of goods and services produced in the	02	3,4	BT2
	accounty and a second to the s			
	which of the following actions by the RBI would reduce the			
	money supply?			
	money supply? a) an open-market purchase of government bonds books' reserve requirements			
1 M)	a) an open-market purchase of governments b) a reduction in banks' reserve requirements			
1 (11)	b) a reduction in banks reserve requirements c) an increase in the interest rate paid on reserves c) an increase in the interest rate paid on reserves	02	3,4	BT3
	d) None of the options given	UE		
	Livibich of the following issued	1	1	
3 76	concept of purchasing power parity? a) Many goods are not easily traded	02	3,4	BT2

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	the tag of their			
b) Some to	radable goods are not perfect substitutes of their			
foreign co	unterparts			
	goods are not counted towards trade between			
countries	(the estimation			
d) None of	f the options given			
vvnen the	RBI increases the rate of money growth, the			
	esult is both a higher inflation rate and a higher			
	nterest rate. This is known as effect c) Laffer's curve			
a) Fisher 6	and the state of t	02	3.4	BT3
b) Inflation	itions occur when the government runs a large			
Hyperinfla	which the central bank finances with a			
	which the central bank interiors			
1 P) substantia	contraction c) surplus, contraction			
a) deficit,	contraction c) surplus, contraction expansion d) surplus, expansion	02	2,3	BT3
b) deficit,	omy always has inflation of 10 percent per year			l
If an econ	st several years, which of the following costs of			
for the pas	st several years, which of the following			
inflation w	rill it suffer? eather costs from reduced holdings of money			
	to the second tradition till the autustines.			
	The late of the control of the contr	02	2,3	BT3
d) arbitrar	the following is (/are) correct statement for an			
Which of t	he following is (rate) solves			
open ecor	tondo doticit inen INCO > 0			
c) If there	is trade surplus then NCO < 0	02	2.3	BT2
d) If there	the following is correct in case of capital flight			
Which of t	he following is correct			
from a cou	terest rates on loanable funds increase			
a) Real in	terest rates on loanable funds decrease terest rates on loanable funds decrease			
1S) b) Real in	rency depreciates			
c) A's curr	rency appreciates			urra
d) A's curr	elicy approximation	02	3,4	BT3
	g run the economy's production of goods and			
In the long	lepends on its supply of: c) Natural Resources			
1 T) services d			7.	BT2
1.4 / 1.4 / 1.4 / 1.4	d) Money	0.2	3,4	1112
b) Capital	nelp of suitable diagrams show the effects of a			
				10000
2 governme	croeconomic analysis.	12	1,2,3	BT3
using mag	10economic displace a monetary			
"Inflation i	s always and everywhere a monetary non". Elucidate with the help of suitable			
3 phenomer	and diagrams	12	1,3,4	BT2
examples	and diagrams detail all the factors that may cause a shift in			
	I will the lactors that they cause a still in	1	. 2 2	вт3
Diecuss in	gate Demand curve.	1.2	1,2,3	13.1.7

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5	Using suitable diagrams show all the effects of a Government making a defense expenditure of \$10 billion on Aggregate Demand. Using this analysis, what can we claim about the current situation in the Russian economy?	12	3,4	BT2
6	Discuss in detail any four costs associated with inflation.	12	3,4	1374
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"T3 Examination, June -2022"

SEMESTER	II	DATE OF EXAM	29-06-2022
SUBJECT	Legal English-II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH112
NAME BRANCH	LAW 12.30 Pm - 3,30 Pm	SESSION MAX. MARKS	. II
TIME PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B.Com LL.B	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	DR SK BOSE	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR SK BOSE

There are total eight questions. All questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question on the right side.

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Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MA RKS	со	S LEVEL
PART-A	1	The play "Arms And The Man has two themes: one is War & the other is Marriage. How are these themes interwoven by G.B Shaw? (150-200 words) OR Write a short note on "The Trial of Bhagat Singh" (150-200 words)	10	CO2	BT2,3
	2	Briefly discuss Rhetoric: The Art of Persuasion with special reference to <i>logos</i> , <i>ethos</i> and <i>pathos</i> .	10	CO3	BT3,4
	3	Imagining yourself as a lawyer, write a legal notice inventing necessary details to be sent on behalf of your client. (at least in 300 words)	20	CO2	BT 3,4
PART-B C& D	4	You are John/ Jinny, Students Secretary of your university library. Recently you purchased a number of law books for your library from M/S Libonex Law Depot, Mumbai. Now you have found out that many of these books are in poor condition-pages are soiled, stained, many have loose joints, hinges etc. Write an email in about 200 words complaining about this. Also invent necessary details.		CO 4	BT 4, 5

5	Prepare a case brief on <i>any one</i> of the following cases drawing a template in your answer sheet as practiced in the class. 1.Union Carbide Corporation v. Union of India(1989) 2.Nilabati Behera v. State of Odisha (1993) 3. Indra Sawhney v. Union of India (1992)	15	CO 4	BT,4 5
6	Write an article/essay on any of the following topics: a. Cyber Crimes and Law b. Freedom of Speech & Social Media c. Understanding Fundamental Duties in India	10	CO 5	BT4, 5,
7.	Critically analyze any one of the following judgments: a. Supreme Court Advocates-on-Record Association v. Union of India (1993) b. Aruna Ramachandra Shanbaug v. Union of India (2011) c. Kesavananda Bharati v. State of Kerala (1973)	20	CO 4,5	BT 5,6



FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, June-July 2022"

SEMESTER	II	DATE OF EXAM	01/07/2022
SUBJECT NAME	Political Science-II (Indian Polity)	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 109
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	П
TIME	1230PM -3.30PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BALLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Sakshi Bahuguna	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Sakshi Bahuguna

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

Q.	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	MARKS CO ADDRESSED	
PART-A	1(A)	Compare and contrast between the Unitary and Federal form of Government.	10	COI	V
PART-B	Q2(A)	Write a note on Parliamentary Privileges in India.	10	CO2	111
PART-C	Q3(A)	Explain the appointment of the Prime Minister and the composition, powers and functions of the Council of Ministers of India.	20	CO3	IV

	G3(B)	Assess the relationship between the Governor and the Chief Minister. 'Chief Minister is the real head of the state government.' Elaborate.	20	CO3	ΙV
PART-D	Q4(A)	Explain in detail the Indian Party System. Discuss the various types of Party systems that exist in India.	20	CO4	v
Đ.	Q4(B)	Critically analyse the role of Election Commission of India.	20	CO4	v



DEPARTMENT OF MANAGEMENT & COMMERCE

"T3 Examination, July 2022"

SEMESTER	2	DATE OF EXAM	01-July2022
SUBJECT NAME	HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT	SUBJECT CODE	LWH117
BRANCH	BBA LLB/BCOMLLB	SESSION	П
TIME	1230PM - 3.30 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BBA LLB/BCOM.LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. Subodh	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr. subodh

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of short answer type (5 Marks each).

Part B:All questions are compulsory. Questions will be of descriptive type. (20 marks each)

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S PI
F	1(A)	Elaborate what is role of an HR manager?	5	CO1	BT2
PART-A	1(B)	Explain difference between traditional HRM and Strategic HRM?	5	CO1	BT1
T-A	1(C)	Describe why' induction' is important for an employee who just joined the organization?	5	CO2	BT2
	1(D)	Briefly elaborate what is stress interview?	5	CO2	BT3
PART-B	Q2	What are the different job evaluation methods? Also describe what is difference between ranking method and point factor method?	20	CO4	BT4
	Q3	Describe the difference between direct and indirect compensation methods. What are the main components of direct compensation?	20	CO4	втз
	Q4	Describe various on-the-job and off-the-job training methods. Discuss the advantages and limitations of each method.	20	CO3	вт3
	Q5	Differentiate between Performance appraisal and Performance management. Explain the performance management process in detail.	20	CO3	BT4



T3 Examination, June 2022

CEMECTED	11 nd	DATE OF EXAM	04.7.2022
SEMESTER		SUBJECT CODE	LWH218
SUBJECT NAME BRANCH	Financial Accounting II Law	SESSION	II
TIME	12:30 PM - 3:30 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BBA LLB & BCOM LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr. Ashima Saxena	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr. Ashima Saxena

Note: 1. All questions are compulsory.

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS		CO ADDRES SED	BLO S LE
PART A & B		Rajita sold goods on behalf of Sajita on a consignment basis. On 1 Jan 2021, she had with him a stock of Rs 1,37,800 on consignment. Rajita had instruction to sell the goods at cost plus 25% and was entitled to a commission of 10% on sales, in addition to 5% of del-credere commission on total sales for guaranteeing the collection of all sales proceeds. During the year, cash sales were Rs 3, 45,000, and credit sales were Rs 2, 72,000. Rajita's expenses were Rs 5,400 and the bad debts were Rs 4,275. Goods			ВТЧ
200		sent on consignment were Rs 5, 00,000. From the above prepare necessary accounts in the books of Rajita and Sajita.	10	COI	ВТ
	Q1 Q2	Explain, with the help of an example, the different methods of accounting under branch accounting.	10	COI	BT2 BT
PARTC	Q3	A and B entered into a Joint venture involving the buying and selling of old railway material with an agreement to share profit or loss equally. (The amount is in Rs. Hundreds). The cost of the material purchased was Rs. 30,000 which was paid by A, who drew a bill of Rs. 20,000 on B at three months period. The bill was discounted by A at cost of Rs. 160. The transactions relating to the ventures were: 1) A paid Rs. 200 for carriage, Rs. 600 for commission on sales and Rs. 100 for travelling expenses (ii) B paid Rs. 80 for travelling expenses and Rs. 120 for sundry expenses (iii) Sales made by A amounted to Rs. 21,400 less allowance for faulty goods Rs. 400 and (iv) Sales made by B were Rs. 15,000. The remaining goods were retained by A and B for their private use and these were charged to them as Rs. 1600 and Rs. 2400 respectively. A was credited with sum of Rs. 300 to cover the cost for warehousing and insurance. The expenses it connection with the discounting to the bill were to be treated as a charge against the venture. Prepare the ledger accounts in the books of both the parties and also the memorandum joint venture account.		COII	В7.5 вт вт

							BT2
Q+(A)	Differentiate between				7	COIV	BT
Q4(B)	Kriti purchases a truck on hire-purchase from Ramita for Rs 4, 00,000. She pays Rs 1, 00,000 as down payment and 3 installments of Rs 1, 00,000 each at the interval of 2 years. Ramita charges interest of 10.5% p.a. at a yearly rate. Calculate the amount of cash price and interest included in each installment.			8	COIV	вт 813	
Q5	Urmila and Umesh of profits & losses in the Urmila supplied from for freight and Rs 1,95,000 for the vera bill for 3 months discounted immediately charged to joint vent of the venture, the transactions, in the Urmila's Account, in	decided to under neratio of 3: 2. m her own stock 1.200 for Sunda nture and paid R of Rs 95,000 d ately by Urmila ture A/c. Umesh accounts were books of Urmi in the books of U	take a venture jointly, k goods worth Rs 2,00 ry Expenses. Umesh s 7,000 for selling exp rawn by Urmila as an for Rs 92,000 and the sold all the goods for settled. Give journa la and Show the Join Jmesh.	They agreed to share 0,000 and paid Rs 4,950 purchased goods of Rs penses. Umesh accepted advance. This bill was amount of discount was Rs 5,00,000. At the end I entries for the above at Venture Account and	10	COII	вт
	Liabilities Creditors General Reserve Capital X Capital Y Capital Z The firm was dissolated Rs 7,500 Stock Rs 6,000 Furniture Rs 12,000 Building Rs 10,000 The creditors were	Amount 15,000 7,000 14,000 7,000 7,000 50,000 Ived on that date	Assets Cash Debtors 8,2 (-)Provision (200 Stock Furniture Building The assets are revaluations	Amount 14,700 00 0) 8,000 7,000 13,300 7,000 50,000 sed as under:	15	COV	BT I BT BT5
Q6	2,000. Give Realice	tion case D	build. Expenses	of dissolution are Rs er Capital account. in the types of partners			
Q7	The following is the	e balanaa 1			10	COII	B74
	Balance sheet as or Liabilities A Capital B Capital Creditors	31st December Amount 7,000 5,000 3,000	or A and B trading as sharing ratio is 3:2. r 2018 Assets Debtors Building Plant Bank	Amount 3,000 4,000 6,000			Brs
Q8	They both agree to a arrangements: a) Goodwill to be c	15,000 admit C as on 1s reated amountin	t January 2010	2,000 15,000 he following redited to A & B in the	15	COV	BT B1

same proportion as theydivide profits.

- b) Building revalued at Rs 5000 and plant at Rs 6,500 respectively, the increased values to be credited to A & B.
- c) C brings capital of Rs 4,000.
- d) All partners get interest on capital @ 5% and interest on drawing @ 10%, which amounts to Rs 300 amonth, drawn at the end of each month.
- e) Profit to be divided in the proportion of A:5, B:3 and C:2. Profit on 30th June 2019 before allowing interest was Rs 20,000.

Prepare the firm's Balance Sheet and Partner Capital account as on 30th June 2019.

************* END *****



FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, -June 2022"

SEMESTER	11	DATE OF EXAM	04.07.2022
SUBJECT	SOCIOLOGY - II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 110
NAME BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	П
TIME	12.30fM-3:30PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA LLB(H)	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	TARUNDEEP KAUR	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	TARUNDEEP KAUR

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

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Q.M	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PART-A	1(A)	"Social Mobility is a movement of a person or persons from one social status to another." Explain the different types of Social mobility on the basis of above statement.	15	COI	BT 03
PART-B	Q2(A)	Critically explain the relationship between Industrialization and Social Change	15	CO3	BT 06

Q3(A) Explain the relation Social Welfare and relevant examples.	Social Security with the help of		5	
	manifestation of economic itically Examine this statement Karl Marx Theory of Social	20	CO2	BT 05
individuals of partifollow. Social norm on gender, ethniciunwritten rules of	e excepted behaviours which icular groups or culture have to as are assigned to people based ity, culture or race. They are of society, something maybe etermine how each individual with examples.	20	CO4	BT 03
Q4(B) Explain the meaning Social Disorganiza	ng, characteristics and causes of tion.	15	CO4	BT 04



"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM	23/5/2022
SUBJECT NAME	Law of Crimes-II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH210
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	2021-2022
TIME	3 hrs	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B.Com LL.B	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Nidhi	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Nidhi

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRESSE D	BLOOM' S LEVEL
Q.1	A with intent to kill B administered poison in his drink. B unaware of the poison in the drink gave it to C who is a 5 year old child. C died after consuming the drink. Medical report states that poison is not sufficient to cause death of a healthy adult person. Decide the Liability of A.	10	CO2	BT4

Q.:	What do you mean by outraging the modesty of a woman? Can a man be held liable for outraging the modesty of his own wife? Discuss with the help of case laws	10	CO3	ВТ3
Q.3	What is defamation? In what circumstances a person gets immunity from the charge of defamation? Differentiate between defamation as a civil wrong and criminal wrong	20	CO4	ВТ3
Q.	the ring. Has A committed any offence? b) 'A' finds a valuable ring not knowing to whom it belongs. 'A' sells it immediately without	10		
	attempting to discover the owner. Is there any offence committed by 'A'?	10	CO4	BT4
Q.s	help of Abhyanand Mishra v. State of Bihar	20	CO5	вт3
Q.o	a) A, a manger asked his subordinate B for sexual intercourse otherwise	10	CO3	BT4

	she would be fired. B fearing for her job agreed to the demand of A. Will A be liable for any offence? b) Discuss the legal position relating to marital rape in India.	10		
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"T3 Examination, May-2022"

			AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF
SEMESTER	1V	DATE OF EXAM	25/05/2022
SUBJECT	FAMILY LAW-II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH209
NAME		ongo (ON	MORNING
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	
TIME	9:00 am - 12:00 Noon	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BALLB / BCOMLLB /	CREDITS	04
	BBALLB		DD CHAHADVAD
NAME OF	DR. SHAHARYAR ASAF	NAME OF COURSE	DR. SHAHARYAR
FACULTY	KHAN	COORDINATOR	ASAF KHAN
1 . 1			e V

Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	со	вт
1	In order to understand the concepts of Islamic law, a student need to study its sources in detail. What are the primary and secondary sources of Islamic law.	10	1	1
2	"Mahr (dower) is not consideration in muslim marriages but is a mark of respect to the wife."- SC in Mohammed Ahmed Khan vs. Shah Bano Begum Evaluate the observation made by the Hon'ble Supreme Court of	10	2	3
3	You have been invited in School of Law to address the various types of divorces that are available to a muslim husband under	20	3	4
4	Islamic law. Prepare a lecture accordingly In the Arabian society, the status of women was raised with the advent of islam specially in family life. She has been given the rights to end the marriage by seeking divorce, a parallel which no other contemporary society had, Evaluate the statement with grounds of divorce available to the	20	্ব	3
5	muslim wife. Hiba has a specific connotation under Islamic law and is different from concept of Gifts in many forms. Discuss the concept of hiba, its essentials, types. Criticall analyse the concept of Donatio-motis-causa (marz-ul-muut) in Islamic law	2.0	3	3

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			-		į.
	Evaluate the laws relating to wasiyat under Islamic law.	20	3	4	
6	Appraise the restrictions that are imposed on a <i>muslim</i> to dispose off his property. Sketch few differences between Islamic law of <i>wasiyat</i> and Law of Wills as applicable in India.				



FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, May-June 2022"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM	27.05.2022
SUBJECT NAME	LEGAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL HI&FORY	SUBJECT CODE	LWH212
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	1
TIME	9:00 AM-12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BBALLB(H)/ BCOM LLB(H)/ BA LLB(H)	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	TARUNDEEP KAUR	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	TARUNDEEP KAUR

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

Q.	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PAI	1(A)	Critically explain the Charter Act of 1833 and 1853.	10	COI	BT 04
PART-A P	Q2(A)	'The revolt of 1857 was inevitable'. Comment on the statement and support your answer with	10	CO2	BT 04
PART-B	1:00	reasons? Indian National Congress was just an outcome of	20	CO3	BT 04
PART-C	Q3(A)	the political developments of second half of 19th century. Critically examine.			

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	Q3(B)	Explain the role of Mahatma Gandhi in resurgence of National Movement	20	CO3	BT 02
Λd	Q4(A)	Differentiate between the Fundamental Rights and Principles. Analyse the principle of harmonious construction in the case Ashok Kumar vs Union of India, 2008	20	CO4	BT 02
PART-D	Q4(B)	Discuss in detail Uniform Civil Code with reference to Indian Constitution.	20	CO4	BT 04

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FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, May-June 2022"

		DATE OF EXAM	30/05/2022
SEMESTER	IV		211
SUBJECT	Political Science IV	SUBJECT CODE	LWII 211
NAME	(International Relations)	SESSION	1
BRANCH	LAW 9:00 AM-12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
TIME		CREDITS	4
PROGRAM	BALLB		a t ti Dahuanna
NAME OF	Sakshi Bahuguna	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Sakshi Bahuguna
FACULTY		COOKDINATOR	m

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

Q	.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PART-A	1(A)	Write a note on Approaches to study International Relations.	10	COI	111
PART-B	Q2(A)	Discuss the causes that led to the outbreak of First World War. Compare and contrast between League of Nations	10	CO2	111
PART-C	Q3(A)	and United Nations. Discuss the principle organs of UN.	20	CO3	v
T-C	02(8)	Explain in detail the principles and objectives of SAARC. Discuss its significance for India.	20	CO3	IV

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		What is Globalization? Critically analyze the key			
PART-D	Q4(A)	aspects of Globalization.	20	CO4	V
	Q4(B)	Explain in detail the determinants of Indian Foreign Policy.	20	CO4	IV
	Q1(B)	***** END ****	*****	*****	







"T3 Examination, MAY - JUNE, 2022"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM	30.05.2022
SUBJECT	ORGANISATIONAL	SUBJECT CODE	LWH219
NAME	BEHAVIOUR		
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	I
TIME	9:00 AM - 12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BBA (LLB) & B.Com	CREDITS	4
	(LLB)		
NAME OF	DR. PRIYANKA CHADHA	NAME OF COURSE	DR. PRIYANKA
FACULTY		COORDINATOR	CHADHA

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory. Each question carry 5 marks each.

Part B: All questions are compulsory. Each question carry 5 marks each. Questions will be of descriptive type or numerical.

Q	.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI
P A	Q1	"Managers play an important role in an organisation." Briefly explain the effective qualities of a manger working in an organisation.	5	CO1	BT2	
R T -A	Q2	Explain the term Organisational Behavior in the light of its historical evolution.	5	CO1	BT 1	
P	Q3	Explain the term Learning and its significance in an organisation.	5	CO2	BT 1	
A R T -B	Q4	"Motivation is a key element of success in an organisation." Highlight the key features of Maslow's Theory of motivation.	5	CO2	BT 2	
P	Q5	"Leadership is the ability of an individual or a group of individuals to influence and guide followers or other members of an organization." In the light of	20	соз	BT 3	

		the above statement briefly explain the theory based on the assumption that "leaders are born not made".				
C	Q6	Briefly explain the concept of two types of communication in an organisation. Distinguish between rumours and gossip in an organisation.	20	CO3	BT 2	
4	Q 7	"Organisational culture includes those qualities of the organisation that give it a particular climate or feel." Briefly explain the functions and drawbacks for changing the fundamental cultural orientation.	20	CO4	BT 4	
r D	Q 8	"A social group is a given aggregate of people playing inter-related roles and recognized by themselves or other as a unit of interaction." Distinguish between groups and crowd in an organisation.	20	CO4	BT 3	
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DEPARTMENT OF LAW "T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER	IV	10H, May-2022	
SUBJECT NAME		DATE OF EXAM	JUNE 01, 2022
BRANCH	CONSTITUTIONAL LAW-II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH208
TIME	9-12	SESSION	MORNING
PROGRAM		MAX. MARKS	100
NAME OF	B.A/ BB.A./ B.Com. LL.B.(H) MR. SHIVAM GAUR	CREDITS	4
FACULTY	MIC SHIVAM GAUR	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	MR. SHIVAM GAUR

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Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	
PART-A	Q1	"India had adopted Cabinet system of Government. In England, it has been described that term 'Crown' represents, the sum total of governmental powers and synonymous with executive." Discuss critically the power, position and influence of Indian President in the light of provisions of Constitution and various land-mark decisions.	10	COI	BT I	
PART-B	Q2	Critically Analyse the provision of residuary power of legislation under the Constitution of India.	10	CO2	BT 3	
	Q3(A)	What is appellate jurisdiction of Supreme Court in civil, criminal and special leave to appeal.	15	CO3	BT4	
PART-C	(B)	Discuss the concept of 'Consultation' and 'Collegium' for the appointment of judges of Supreme Court and High Courts. Can the appointment of Judge made by collegiums be challenged on any ground?	15	CO3	ВТ3	
	(C)	What do you mean by writ of Mandamus and also give distinction between Prohibition and Certiorari.	10	соз	ВТ2	
PART-D	Q4(A)	What are the consequences of proclamation of Emergency made under Article 356?	15	CO4	BT5	
T-D	(B)		15	CO4	вті	

	Describe the procedure of amendment of the Constitution of India. Under what circumstances the amendment requires to be ratified by the legislatures of the States.			
(C)	Illustrate examples from Constitution of India, were the concept of Separation of power and Doctrine of checks and balances is clearly visible.	10	CO4	ВТІ

DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY

"T3 Examination, May - 2022"

SEMESTER	IV	DATE OF EXAM	06.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES	SUBJECT CODE	СНН137
BRANCH	LLB	SESSION	MOR
TIME	9:00 AM - 10:00 AM	MAX. MARKS	30
PROGRAM	BA/BCOM/BBA LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	DR. MEENA KAPAHI	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR. MEENA KAPAHI

Note: Part A: Multiple choice questions: Tick the right option. All the questions are compulsory. Each question carries 1 mark.

Part B: Subjective questions: All the questions are compulsory. Marks are indicated against each question.

PART A						
Q. No.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	СО	BL	PI	
A(i)	Which of the following is (are) the anticipated effect(s) of Global warming? (i) Rising sea level (ii) Changing precipitation (iii) Expansion of deserts (iv) All of the above	1	CO4	вт2		
A(ii)	Bhopal Gas Disaster is a kind of (i) Natural disaster (ii) Manmade disaster	1	CO4	вт2		
A(iii)	(iii) None of the above Migrations change the number, distribution and composition of the population in (i) The area of departure (ii) The area of arrival (iii) Both the options (iv) None of the options	1	CO4	BT2		
A(iv)	Thermal pollution is a kind or (i) Water pollution (ii) Air pollution (iii) Soil pollution	1	CO2	вт2		
A(v)	(iv) None of the above The Universal Declaration of Human Rights was adopted on (i) December 1, 1948 (ii) December 10, 1948 (iii) December 11, 1948 (iv) December 31, 1948	1	CO4	BT1		
A(vi)	(iv) December 31, 1946 Considering the population pyramid, the right-hand side is used to show (i) Birth rate (ii) Mortality rate	1	CO4	BT1		

	(iii) Female population	٦	jî.		
	(iv) Male population				
A(vii)	Which one of the following is used for hospital waste and has maximum destruction and removable efficiency? (i) Incineration (ii) Chemical treatment (iii) Biological treatment (iv) Landfill	1	CO2	ВТ3	
A(viii)	Algal blooms are generated due to the following process: (i) Eutrophication (ii) Biomagnification (iii) Bioaccumulation (iv) All the options	1	CO2	втз	
A(ix)	 Which statement is correct? (i) Increase of atmospheric carbon dioxide causes an increase in the greenhouse effect as carbon dioxide is opaque to infrared rays is opaque to infrared rays (ii) Increase of atmospheric carbon dioxide causes an increase in the greenhouse effect as carbon dioxide is transparent to infrared rays. (iii) Increase of atmospheric carbon dioxide causes an increase in the greenhouse effect as carbon dioxide reduces atmospheric pressure (iv) All the options 	1	CO2	ВТ3	
A(x)	Anxiety and stress are caused by: (i) Noise pollution (ii) Water pollution (iii) Air pollution (iv) All the options	1	C02	BT2	
	PART B				
B(i)	Discuss the multidisciplinary nature of Environmental Studies. How can your field be related to environmental issues? Justify	3,2	CO1	BT4	
B(ii)	What are different conservation measures for biodiversity?	2	CO2	BT1	
B(iii)	How population pyramids can be helpful in policy	3	CO4	втз	
D(to)	Suggest pre-disaster and post-disaster measures for floods.	5	CO4	BT2	
B(iv)	What is rainwater harvesting? What are its advantages?	2,3	CO2	BT2	
IS(V)	What is rainwaici lidi vosung.				



MANAV RACHNA
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DEPARTMENT OF LAW

"T3 Examination, MAY 2022"

SEMESTER	6th	DATE OF EXAM	24/5/2022
SUBJECT NAME	Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 308
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	п
TIME	9.00 AM - 12.00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B COM LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF	ADITI CHOUDHARY	NAME OF COURSE	ADITI CHOUDHARY
FACULTY		COORDINATOR	

Note:All questions are compulsory. 10 mark questions are long answer type questions to be answered in 350-450 words. 20 mark questions are essay type questions to be answered in 500-700 words.

Q.	NO. QUESTIONS .		Marks	СО	Bloom's level	PI
PART-A	Q1	Explain and differentiate between "res-sub judice", "res-judicata" and "estoppel".	10 marks	1,2 & 3	BT 3	
PART-8	Q2	Advise your client on the remedy in following cases: A. Filing of Representative suit B. Non-Joinder or mis-joinder of parties	10 marks	3,4	BT 4	
PART-C	Q3	What is "attachment"? What kinds of property can and cannot be attached? Who is a garnishee and what do you understand by garnishee order? Give illustrations.	20 marks	2,4,5	BT 3,4	
1-0	04	Who is an "Indigent Person"? What is the step by step procedure to file suit as an indigent person?	20 marks	3,5	BT 4,5	



PART-D	Q5	"Section 27 OF Limitation Act is an exception to the general principle of law of Limitation and origin of concept of Adverse possession." Explain. Which factors must be kept in mind for computation of period of "Limitation"?		5	BT5
Ď	Q6	What is "condonation of delay"? Explain in context of doctrine of sufficient cause with case law. Can Courts in India condone the delay in filing suit/case during Covid-19?	10*2= 20 marks	3, 4,5	BT 4,5



FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, May-June 2022"

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	26.05.2022
SUBJECT NAME	LABOUR LAWS	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 309
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	1
TIME	9:00 AM-12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BBALLB(H)/ BCom LLB(H)/ BA LLB(H)	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	DR. KAVERI SHARMA	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR. KAVERI SHARMA

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

Q.	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
РАКТ-А	1(A)	 i. Registered Trade Union ii. Objects on which general funds may be spent by Trade Union 	10	COI	BT 01
PART-B	Q2(A)	"The employer is liable to pay compensation under the Workmen Compensation Act, 1923, if personal injury is caused to a workman by accident arising out of and in the course of employment." Comment,	10	CO3	BI 03
PART-C	Q3(A)	Define "Retrenchment" and "lay off". State the conditions precedent to retrenchment of workers under the Industrial Dispute Act, 1947.	20	CO2	B.f. 04

.*	Q3(B)	What are the Dispute settlement authorities under the Industrial Dispute Act? Mention in brief their powers and functions.	20	CO2	B1 02
	Q4(A)	Explain the provisions of Factories Act relating to the health and welfare of the workers.	20	CO4	BT 03
ABTAD	Q4(B)	"The keystone of the Factories Act is safety first and safety last". Comment. Describe the various statutory measures provided in this regard.	20	CO4	BT 04
200	The state of	**************************************	*****	*****	



"T3, May-2022" SET-A

SEMESTER	Sixth	DATE OF EXAM	31.05.2022
SUBJECT NAME	Property Law	SUBJECT CODE	LWH310
BRANCH TIME PROGRAM NAME OF FACULTY	Law 09:00-12:00 PM BA/B.COM/BBA LLB (II) Ms. Simran Singh	SESSION MAX. MARKS CREDITS NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	I 100 marks 4 Ms. Simran Singh

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

Section-A covers Question 1.

Section-B covers Question 2.

Section-C covers Question 3-4. Section-D covers Question 5-7.

Section.	on-D covers Question 5-7. QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
Q.1	By explaining section 13, section 14 and section 20 of the transfer of property act, 1882, examine the validity of the following transfer/transactions: a) To 'A', a bachelor, for life and then to his son from intended marriage on attaining the age of 18 years. b) Transfer of property to 'B', 'C' and 'D' all alive, on the date of transfer successively, and then to the eldest son of 'D' on his attaining the age of 21 years.		601	L5
	Decide and give reasons. "The rule of 'feeding the grant by estoppel' given under	10	C01	Б
Q.2	Section 43 has to be compared and contrasted of 'spec successionis' given under Section 6(a) of the transfer of property act, 1882. They appear to relate to similar kinds of situations but with different consequences. In fact, not only do they relate to different situations, they are also inherently different" Decide with the help of relevant case laws.	10	C03	L5
Q.3	What do understand by the term 'mortgage'? Explain the different types of mortgages and their essential ingredients,	20	C02	1.2

	as identified under the transfer of property act, 1882 with the help of relevant illustrations.			
Q.4	Write down the rights and liabilities of a 'mortgagee' given under the transfer of property act, 1882.	20	C02	L2
Q.5	Explain the term 'Lease' and its essentials briefly.	10	C02	L2
Q.6	Differentiate between 'Lease' and 'License' with the help of relevant case laws.	10	C03	L4
Q.7	Write a short note on any of the two: a) Revocation of gifts b) Onerous gift c) Universal donee	10X2=20	C03	L2



"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER	Sixth	DATE OF PRICE	,
SUBJECT NAME	Philosophy	DATE OF EXAM SUBJECT CODE	02.06.2022 LWH312
BRANCH TIME	Law 09:00 AM to 12:00 PM	SESSION MAX. MARKS	I 100 marks
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B.Com LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	Ms. Asmita Patel	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Ms. Asmita Patel

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	S LEVEL
	Section A	H. A		
Q.1	"In India, development of Jurisprudence and legal theory owes as much to the Indian legal philosophers and theorists as it does to the western jurists". In light of the following, elaborate the classical Hindu school of Jurisprudence.	10	CO1	BT2
	Section B			
Q.2	Roscoe Pound conceived law as 'social engineering'. Explain his theory in detail elaborating upon the different types of interests and all the Jural Postulates.	10	C02	BT4
	Section C			
Q.3	What is a legal right? Discuss the various types of legal rights. Illustrate in detail Hohfield's concept of jural correlatives and jural opposites with examples.	20	C03	втз
Q.4	What is a 'Property' in its legal sense? Discuss all the types of Property with examples. What is difference between 'Ownership' and 'Possession' of a Property?	20	co3	BT2
	Section D			
	What do you understand by Natural Justice? Discuss in detail the	20	CO4	вт3
Q.5	three principles of reason lustice? Explain the idea of justice as	20	CO4	втз
Q.6	What is the idea of Social Justice, and Robert Nozick.		•	



"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER SUBJECT NAME	II LAW RELATING TO INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS	DATE OF EXAM SUBJECT CODE	0 3 .06.22 LWS325
BRANCH TIME PROGRAM	LAW 1.5 hrs B.TECHA BBA (B.TeJ, ELE)	SESSION MAX. MARKS CREDITS	2021-22 50 2
NAME OF FACULTY	AMIT KUMAR	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	AMIT KUMAR

Part A - Attempt any ONE question. Part B- Attempt any TWO questions.

Q	.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRESSE D	BLOOM' S LEVEL
PART-A	Q1	What is "intellectual property"? Discuss the various kinds of "intellectual property" with the help of suitable illustrations.	10	CO2	BT1
T-A	Q2	Write a note on the usefulness of "trademark'.	10	CO3	BTI
PART-B	Q3	Define 'patent. What are the various rights enjoyed by the patent holder? Give suitable example.	20	CO3	BTI
		"Cyber crime has emerged as one of the biggest threat in the present era due to increased use of social media and greater dependency on technology". Explain the statement with the help of suitable examples.	20	CO2	BT2
T-B	Q4	What are the different categories of work protected under copyright law? Also explain doctrine of "fair use" in reference to copyright	20	CO2	BTI
	Q5	Define "trademark". How a trademark is		COS	BT2
	06	infringed? Give suitable example.	20	C03	DIZ



"T3 Examination, JUNE-2022"

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	3 rd June 2022
SUBJECT NAME	AUDIT PRACTICES	SUBJECT CODE	LWH317
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	Morning
TIME	9:00AM-12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BCOM LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	DR. ASHIMA SAXENA	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR. ASHIMA SAXENA

Note: 1.All questions are compulsory.

(Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESS ED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
P	1(A)	Differentiate between Accounting & Auditing	5	CO V	BT II
PART A	Q1(B)	"Auditing relies upon a set of principles to help make audit an effective and reliable tool in support of management policies and controls". Comment.	5	CO I & CO	BT I, BT II & BT III
PART B	Q2	On 1st April 2013, ABC Ltd. issued 10,000, 10% Debentures of ₹ 100 each at a discount of 4% redeemable after 5 years at a premium of 6%. Pass the necessary journal entries for the issue of debentures and write off Loss on the issue of Debentures. Also, prepare Loss on the issue of Debentures Account	10	COI	BT III
PART C	Q3(A)	Mr. Raman is appointed as statutory auditor of a company for the Financial Year ended 31st March 2020. During the audit, it was found that a few doubtful transactions had been committed by the finance manager who retired in March 2020. The fraud was going on for the last 2 -3 years and the total amount misappropriated exceeded Rs. 100 lakhs. As a statutory auditor, what would be reporting responsibilities of Mr. Raman?	10	CO I, III & V	BT IV
	Q3(B)	Rohan & Associates, Chartered Accountants, while evaluating the operating effectiveness of internal controls, detects a deviation from controls. In such a situation, state the specific inquiries to be made by an auditor to understand these matters and their potential consequences.	10	CO I, III & V	BT IV

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FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, May-June 2022"

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	03/06/2022
SUBJECT NAME	Political Science VI (Comparative Public Administration)	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 313
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	1
TIME	9:00 AM-12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BALLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF	Sakshi Bahuguna	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Sakshi Bahuguna

Note: Part A: All questions are compulsory.

Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
PART-A	1(A)	Write a note on the scope and significance of Comparative Public Administration.	10	COL	111
PART-B	Q2(A)	Discuss in detail the feature of 'Responsible Government' with respect to India and UK.	10	CO2	111
PART-C	Q3(A)	Write a note on Citizen-Administration Alienation. Explain in detail the procedure for Redressal through Parliament/Legislature.	20	CO3	v
ar-c	Q3(B)	Critically analyse the institution of Ombudsman, Analyse it in light of Lok Pal and LokAyukta.	20	СО3	IV

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	Q4(A)	Discuss in detail the scope and significance of Development Administration.	20	CO4	V
PART-D	Q4(B)	Compare and contrast between traditional administration and Development Administration. Critically analyse the features of Development Administration.	20	CO4	IV
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DEPARTMENT OF ECE

"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	03.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM	SUBJECT CODE	LWH315
BRANCH	BBA LLB	SESSION	1 ST
TIME	09.00AM-12.00NOON	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	LAW	CREDITS	5
NAME OF FACULTY	BHANU PRATAP CHAUDHARY	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	BHANU PRATAP CHAUDHARY

Note: All questions are compulsory

Q.N	10.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI
A PART-	1(A)	In what ways do you think organization structure influences MIS and in turn influence the organizational structure- Discuss in details with suitable conditions and examples.	10	CO1	BT4	2, 4, 9
PART-B	Q2	List the advantages of using systems analysis and design techniques in approaching computerized information systems for business. List down one situation under which system analyst choose SDLC.	10	CO2	вт3	2. 4, 9
	Q3	List with examples, how can modern IT tools help to synthesize qualitative and quantitative factors in decision making?	10	CO3	BT2	2. 4. 9
PAI	Q4	Explain the Generic Architecture for Decision Support Systems in detail.	10	соз	BT3	2, 4, 9
PART-C	Q5	Identify the difference between customer relationship management and supply chain management.	10	соз	BT2	2, 4, 9
3	Q6	According to you, what are the factors that are critical for the success of the ERP implementation?	10	СОЗ	BT4	2, 4, 9

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	Q7(A)		5	CO4	вт2	2, 4, 9
PART-D	Q7(B)	NYZ hospital is a multispecialty hospital that includes a number of departments, rooms, doctors, nurses, compounders, and other staff working in the hospital. Patients having different kinds of ailments come to the hospital and get checkup done from the concerned doctors. If required they are admitted in the hospital and discharged after treatment. Develop an E-R Diagram for the hospital to maintain the records of various departments, rooms, and doctors in the hospital. It also maintains records of the regular patients, patients admitted in the hospital, the checkup of patients done by the doctors, the patients that have been operated, and patients discharged from the hospital.	15	CO4	BT2 BT2 BT4	2, 4, 9
	Q8	List the various types of DBMS and where you use them with suitable examples.	10	CO4	BT2	2, 4, 9
	Q9	Proper database management systems help increase organizational accessibility to data, which in turn helps the end users share the data quickly and effectively across the organization. Analyze how the DBMS can achieve this for any organization?	10	CO4	BT4	2, 4, 9

END



"T-3 Examination - BA/BBA/B.Com. LL.B."

SEMESTER	VI	DATE OF EXAM	04 June 2022
SUBJECT NAME	んじべこ・I Alternative Dispute Resolution	SUBJECT CODE	LWS311
TIME	09:00 AM to 12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
NAME OF FACULTY	Bharatendu Agarwal	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Bharatendu Agarwal

Q. 1	No.	QUESTIONS		со	BLOOM S LEVEI
PART-A	Q1	India had very effective institutions of dispute settlement in ancient and medieval times. However, the advent of colonization replaced them by centralized judicial systems. What does this mean? What was the implication of this? Explain in detail.	10	соі	BT2
PART -B	Q2	Explain any one out of the two theories of negotiation: 1. Strategic Choice Theory 2. Cultural Factors Theory	10	CO2	BT2
	Q3	Explain the method of appointment of mediators as contained in	10	CO2	BT2
D-	Q4	What, according to Section 22 of the Draft Mediation Bill, 2021,	15	CO3	ВТ3
PART- C	Q5	Elaborate on the Composition (Section 34) and Buttes (Section 40) of the Mediation Council of India as proposed in the Draft	15	соз	втз
		Mediation Bill, 2021 What is the concept of Competence-Competence & Separability?	10	CO2	BT2
	Q6	Explain in detail.	15	CO5	BT4
PART- D	Q7 Q8	As per Section 34 of the Arbitatholium when can an arbitral award be set aside by a court? Write a detailed case brief of any one of the following cases: 1. Balasore Alloys Ltd. v. Medima LLC [Supreme Court 2020] 2. Bharat Sanchar Nigam Ltd & Anr v. M/S Nortel Networks India Pvt Ltd [Supreme Court 2021] 3. Patil Rail Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd v. Ministry of Railway [Delhi HC 2021] 4. Sanjay Iron and Steel Limited v. Steel Authority of India [Delhi HC 2021] 5. Surender Kumar Singhal & Ors v. Arun Kumar Bhalotia & Ors [Delhi HC 2021]	15	CO4	BT5



"T3 Examination, MAY-JUNE-2022"

SEMESTER	VIII	DATE OF EXAM	23 RD MAY 2022
SUBJECT NAME	PRINCIPLES OF TAXATION	SUBJECT CODE	LWH410
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	Mosning (I)
TIME	9:00AM -12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA LLB/BBA LLB & BCOM COM LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	DR. ASHIMA SAXENA	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR. ASHIMA SAXENA

Note: 1. All auestions are compulsory.

	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	M'S LEVEL
-1	Q1(A)	"Income tax is a tax on Income not Receipts". Explain.	5	CO1 & CO II	BT4
PART	Q1(B)	Define Income. Distinguish between "Gross income" and	5	CO & CO V	BT2
PART-B	Q2(A)	On which of the given income tax can be imposed when the residential status of Mrs. Khanna is: (a) Non-Resident (b) Not Ordinarily Resident (c) Resident (1) Income accrued in US but received in India Rs 2,000 (2) Income earned in Africa and received there but brought to India Rs 5,000 (3) Earned in India but received in Canada Rs 5,000 (4) Earned and received in Sri Lanka from a business controlled from India RS 10,000 (5) House property income (computed) from Sri Lanka Rs	6	COIL	втз
	Q2(B)	2,000 (6) Profit earned from business in Kanpur Rs 10,000 During his 196 days stay in India in the previous year 2021-22, X, a citizen of the U.K. is all the time moving from one place to another. He claims that he is a non-resident in India for the assessment year 2022-23 on the following grounds: He had never visited India before April 1, 2021.	1 1	сош	втз
		11 .	_	'	

Q3	During 2021-22, the not spend two conservative conservations for the assessment according to the Ecannot be a resider year. Do you agree with State whether in hands of Mr Rankhis income: 1) He wins Rs 4 announced 2) His mother-in 3) A client satisfing gift of Rs 15,04) A public coprofessional advisory who was reluctar institution. 5) Certain policic mature and he residents	year 2022 English Income of two control tw	on the folloticing lawy reasons for sperforman tion to partition mays Rs 2 this amounten out by F	owing rece er, will be for each vinning tea orts of Rs 20,00 nee in a car yment of that obtain 2,500 to his t, donates in	ipts in the considered answer) m" contest Magazine. 00 to him. se, makes a usual fees. ned certain n. Ranveer, back to the	10	CO III, CO IV & CO V	BT5
PART-C Q4 House Local Ta Interest reconst Ground	Dr. Sinha owns Chennai and wh required to com year ending 31s The first house value is Rs 50,0 The second hou the occupation University. Third house is is dependent or value is Rs 60, Fourth house is though occupic Local taxes in value. Expenses paid	the following ich he claim pute his ince the March 20 is situated and the situated in the him, is stauded at led by him for all cases and during the	ng four houses to be selftome from hit. It Mount Rohich he resinunicipal values who allowed the Marwari ying in this Rs 56,800 bor residentia (a) 100 year	se propertie f-occupied. fouse prope and whose N des with hi alue is Rs 7 re studying area and h house. Its i	rty for the Municipal s family. 2,000, is in in the is uncle who nunicipal unused unicipal	20	COII & COV	BT5

	Explain in detail, the computation of capital gains in case of short term capital assets and long term capital assets with special reference to the transfers of assets prior and post 1.4.2001.	10	CO II, III & CO IV	BT4
Q6 (A)	Mention the different kinds of Income which are specially charged to tax under the head "Income from other sources". Enumerate the items of deductions allowable in computing income under the head "Income from other sources".	10	CO II & CO V	BT5
Q6 (B)	Discuss the concept of set-off and carry forward of losses. Also explain the process in detail.	10	CO II. III & CO IV	BT4
Q7	Write a note on the following:- a) Section 80C b) Section 80G c) Section 80D d) Section 80E	20	COIV & CO	BT4
	d) 551	-	to dealer the	

END



"T3 Examination, MAY-2022"

SEMESTER SUBJECT NAME	VIII IPR-II	DATE OF EXAM SUBJECT CODE	25.05.22 LWH411
BRANCH TIME PROGRAM NAME OF FACULTY	LAW 09:00AM- 12:00PM BA/BBA/BCOMLLB AMIT KUMAR	SESSION MAX. MARKS CREDITS NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	2021-22 (工) 100 4 AMIT KUMAR

Note:

Part A and B- Attempt any two questions.

Part C- Attempt any two questions.

Part D- Attempt any two questions.

Q.I	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL
	Q1	Examine "subject matter of Copyright" with the help of illustration.	10	CO3	BT4
PART-A & B	Q2	How technology has affected the Copyright Jurisprudence? Give suitable example.	10	CO2	BT1
& I	Q3	Discuss "infringement of Copyright" .	10	CO1	BT2
ω	Q4	Bring out the various economic and moral	10	CO3	BT2
Р	Q5	Explain "industrial design". How do you protect design rights? What is the effect of registration of design?	20	соз	BT4
PART-C		Critically analyse the overlapping between design, copyright and trademark.	20	CO2	BT4
L-C	Q6	Write an exhaustive note on the economic utility of design protection. How it is different from patent? Refer to case law and provision of	20	C04	BT1

		law.			
P	Q8	What are "registrable varieties" under the Plant Variety Protection and Farmer's Right Act, 2001. What rights have been granted to Farmers and Breeders under the Act?	20	соз	BT1
PART-D	Q9	Explain the criteria of novelty, distinctiveness, uniformity and stability under the Plant Variety Protection and Farmer's Right Act, 2001. Refer to provision of law.	20	CO2	вт2
0	Q5	Define "traditional knowledge". Why it is important to protect traditional knowledge?			
	Q10	What measures have been taken to protect it?	20	C02	BT1



"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER SUBJECT	VIII	DATE OF EXAM	27.05.2022
NAME	CORPORATE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY LAW	SUBJECT CODE	LWH413
BRANCH	B.A/B.B.A/B.COM.LL.B	SESSION	1
TIME	9:00 AM-12:00PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	Corporate Law Group	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	SOM DUTT	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	SOM DUTT

Note: Answer any ONE question from each part.

Q.	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	BLOOM'S LEVEL	PI
PAI		Explain corporate debt and event of default leading to insolvency application with legal provisions and relevant case laws. OR				
PART-A	1	Illustrate the concept of 'debt priority' in insolvency law with legal provisions and decided cases.	25	CO1.2	BT5	
P	1990.9	Write a critical note on avoidance of pre- bankruptcy transaction with relevant cases. OR				
PART-B	Q2	Write a detail note on process of corporate insolvency under IBC 2016 with relevant case laws.	25	CO2	BT4	

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Q3	OR Section 105., IBC 2016: Repayment plan. – (1) The debtor shall prepare, in consultation with the resolution professional, a repayment plan containing a proposal to the creditors for restructuring of his debts or affairs. (2) The repayment plan may authorise or require the resolution professional to – (a) carry on the debtor's business or trade on his behalf or in his name; or (b) realise the assets of the debtor; or (c) administer or dispose of any funds of the debtor. (3) The repayment plan shall include the following, namely: (a) justification for preparation of such repayment plan and reasons on the basis of which the creditors may agree upon the plan: (b) provision for payment of fee to the resolution professional; (c) such other matters as may be specified. In reference to above provisions, suggest the restricting options available to a corporate debtor under IBC.	25	CO2,3	BT5	
Q4		25			
			C04		
	Explain the principles of transnational insolvency regime. OR Critically analyse pros and cons of India joining the UNCITRAL Model Law on insolvency.				

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T3 Examination May 2022

SEMESTER	VIII		
on the same of		DATE OF EXAM	27.05.2022
SUBJECT NAME	FORENSIC SCIENCE AND CRIMINAL LAW	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 416
BRANCH	BA/BBA/B.COM.L.L.B.	SESSION	I
TIME	09:00 AM- 12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	LAW	CREDITS	4
NAME OF FACULTY	AKANSHA GHOSE	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	AKANSHA GHOSE

te: All questions are compulsory. Part A & B shall earry 10 marks each and Part C & D shall earry 40 marks each.

Q.NO.		O.NO. QUESTIONS		CO ADDR ESSED	BLO OM'S LEV EL
PAR T-A	QI	Examine the importance of a forensic scientist during criminal investigations.	10	COL	BT4
PAR T-B	Q2	Explain and illustrate the the principles underpinning forensic science.	10	cos	BT2
1	Q3	Compare and contrast the different types of DDTs. Analyse the judicial standpoint on the issue.	20	CO3	BT4
PAR T-C		Explain the rule governing DNA profiling in India. Decide the efficacy of standard DNA profiling rules for criminal investigations in the Indian society.	20	(0)	BTS
- 4	Q4 Q5	Explain the rule on admissibility of dying declaration.	20	CO4	872
PAR T-D	Qố	Case-1 A person suspected of an offence against the State is apprehended. During preliminary information, police authorities use force to extract information from him. Case-2 After considerable degree of police brutality, a chargesheet has been filed against such person. He then makes a confession incriminating himself. Interpret the right to remain silent of such person in the above two cases		CO4	BT5



"T3 Examination, May-2022"

SEMESTER

SUBJECT NAME

Eighth

Law on Infrastructure

DATE OF EXAM

SUBJECT CODE

SUB	ECT NAME	Development		-		
BRA	NCH	Law	SESSION	1	0	
TIMI		09:00 AM to 12:00 PM	MAX. MARKS		0 marks	
	GRAM	BA/BBA/B.Com LLB	CREDITS	4	s. Asmita Pate	.1
NAM	E OF ULTY	Ms. Asmita Patel	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	E MI	s. Asmita i att	
		ons are compulsory.				U
voic.	an me queme	QUESTIONS		MARKS	CO ADDRESSED	S TEAET Broom,
		Sec	tion A			
Q.1	objectives at	structure development? Discus nd all the ten types of p	ss the meaning, features, private participation in	10	CO1	вт3
	infrastructure	e services.	tion R		A STATE OF THE REAL PROPERTY.	
Q.2	Summarily di	egal framework in India for ai iscuss the provisions of variou	and aerodromes?	10	CO2	вт3
	with the chall	Set.	ction C			1-11-
		ament is significan	nt for developing the			
Q.3	types, benefit	ect Investment is significant country. How? Elaborate uponts and disadvantages? Discustes as per the relevant regulations.	ons.	20	CO3	BT4
		understand by 'Infrastructure growth and development of the structure Financing and the n	Financing ? Wily is it so	20	CO3	вт3
Q.4	types of Infra in infrastructi	ure.	tion D			
			the section			
	India's story	as one of the fastest rising ed levelopment of its infrastructu oncepts of debt financing of litional security packages and	ire. Discuss in detail the infrastructure projects	20	CO4	втз
Q.5	including trad	litional security packages and	project finance debt and	20	CO4	BT4
Q.6	Discuss the v emerging opt	ions for project financing.				

30.05.2022

LWH414

"T3 Examination, May-June-2022"

SEMESTER	Sth	DATE OF EXAM	30.05.2022
		SUBJECT CODE	LWH415
SUBJECT NAME BRANCII	Socio-Economic Offences Law	SESSION	ı
TIME	9:00am -12:00pm	MAX. MARKS	100
PROGRAM	BA/BBA/B. Com LLB	CREDITS	4
NAME OF	Ms. Sampriti Phukan	NAME OF COURSE	Ms. Sampriti Phukan
FACULTY		COORDINATOR	AD A

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ote: All the q	uestions are compulsory.			BLOO
Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	ADDRESS ED	M'S LEVE L
Q.1	Inspector of Police got information that the accused, R was trying to transport Ganja in a car to neighboring city. Immediately thereafter, Inspector left the Police Station and reached the spot where after some time R came in car. Inspector stopped R and searched the car which had many bundles of Ganja. R was arrested and put on trial where R took the defense of non-compliance of section-42 of the NDPS Act, 1985. Decide.	10	CO2	BT4
Q.2	Explain the concepts and nature of socio-economic offences in light of the 47 th Report of the law commission of India, 1972.	10	coı	втз
Q.3	Discuss the law laid down in Kanwarjit Singh Kakkar v. State of Punjab, (2011)6 SCC 895 referring to the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.	10	C03	вт
Q.4	Define 'food'. What are the principles to be followed for Food Safety under the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006.	10	CO 4	BT 2
Q.5	Describe Money-Laundering with its various steps and methods. In what circumstances can a person be arrested under the Prevention of Money-Laundering Act, 2002?	15	соз	BT 3

Q.6	What actions of a public servant amount to criminal misleading? Enumerate the changes made in section-19 of the amendment of the Prevention of Corruption Act, 1988.	15	CO 3	BT 2
Q.7	Discuss in detail the definition of mis-branded food and penalty for the same under the Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 in the context of decided cases.	15	CO 4	BT 3
Q.8	Discuss the powers and functions of the Designated officer under the Food Safety and the Standards Act, 2006.	15	CO 4	BT 3





SCHOOL OF LAW

"End Term Examination, June-July -2022"

SEMESTER	11	DATE OF EXAM	24-06-2022
SUBJECT NAME	CORPORATE FINANCE	SUBJECT CODE	LWH632
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	Morning
TIME	3 Hrs	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LL.M	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr Som Dutt Bardwaj	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr Som Dutt Bardwaj

- ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS
- Each question is for 15 marks.

15 marks x 4 Questions = 60 marks

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(Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MAR KS	со	'S LEVEL
	Q1.	Corporate finance refers to activities and transactions related to raising capital to create, develop and acquire a business. It is directly related to company decisions that have a financial or monetary impact. It can be considered as a liaison between the capital market and the organization. Critically explain the statement.			
			15	CO1,2,3	BT5
	Q2.	India has developed a comprehensive regulatory system to protect investors. The investor-protection regime that is now prevailing in India is a mixture of self-regulatory and statutory provisions. Self-regulatory provisions are administered by the stock exchanges and the statutory ones by the designated statutory bodies. Explain and illustrate.	15	CO1,2,3	вт6
	Q3.	Explain the first three principles of corporate finance and investigate their relevance in modern corporate world with suitable illustrations.	15	3,4,5	BT5

	Q4	Analyze the meaning of conservation of corporate finance/ corporate value and explain various means		CO3,4,5	
	Q4	adopted to achieve it.	15		BT5
-	1 8			CO3,4,5	
	Q5.	Explain role of SEBI in corporate finance with relevant case laws.	15	27. 37	BT5
	Q6	Explain the stock market scams and its effect on corporate finance with suitable illustrations and case laws.	15	CO1,2.3,4,	BT5



"T-3 Examination - LL.M. - June 2022"

SEMESTER	11		
		DATE OF EXAM	24 June 2022
SUBJECT NAME	Commercial Arbitration: Practice & Procedure II	SUBJECT CODE	LWH613
TIME	3 Ms.	MAX. MARKS	60
NAME OF FACULTY	Bharatendu Agarwal	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Bharatendu Agarwal

Attempt all 6 questions. Each question carries 10 marks.



	Questions	Marks	СО	Bloom's Level
Q1	Under Section 31(7) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996, the arbitral tribunal is empowered to include interest in its final award. Explain this power of the tribunal using either the case of <i>Union of India v. Manraj Enterprises</i> (Supreme Court decision dated 18.11.2021) or the case of <i>Jaiprakash Associates Ltd. v. Tehri Hydro Development Corporation India Ltd.</i> (Supreme Court decision dated 07.02.2019).	10	COI	BT2
Q2	Enumerate and explain the concept of 'regime for costs' as encapsulated in Section 31A of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 with reference to the case of <i>Union of India v. Om Vajrakaya Construction Company</i> (Delhi High Court decision dated 20.12.2021).	10	CO2	BT2
Q3	Section 31 (3) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 says that an arbitral award shall state the reasons upon which it is based. Is this a mandatory provision? Explain with the assistance of the 2019 Supreme Court judgement of <i>Dyna Technologies v. Crompton Greaves</i> .	10	CO3	ВТ3
Q4	Explain the scope of Section 34(4) of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996.	10	соз	ВТ3
Q5	What enforcement mechanisms are provided in the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996? Describe with help of one or more example(s).	10	CO4	ВТ3
Q6	"Courts must exercise judicial restraint while exercising jurisdiction under Section 34 and 37 of the Act unless the findings of the Arbitral Tribunal are ex facie perverse or patently illegal." Elucidate the interplay between Section 34 and Section 37 of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 in light of the above statement.	10	CO4	BT4



"T3 Examination, June -2022"

SEMESTER	IInd	DATE OF EXAM	24.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	Socio-Economic Offences	SUBJECT CODE	LWH644
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	1
TIME	3 Ms.	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Ms. Sampriti Phukan	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Ms. Sampriti Phukan

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

Q.1 Analyse the present day socio-economic condition in India with the help of case laws. 20 CO1 BT 4 Write short notes on: (a) Offences triable by special courts under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985. (b) The power of arrest, search and seizure conferred on certain officers of different departments under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substance Act, 1985. Critically analyse the latest amendment to Prevention of Corruption Act, 2018 and discuss how it will help in combating the ongoing corruption in the country. Co3 BT5 The process of Money Laundering usually involves placement, layering and integration. Discuss. Critically examine the steps taken by India to tackle the menace of Money Laundering.	Q.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDRES SED	BLOO M'S LEVEL
(a) Offences triable by special courts under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985. (b) The power of arrest, search and seizure conferred on certain officers of different departments under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substance Act, 1985. 10 CO 2 BT 3 Critically analyse the latest amendment to Prevention of Corruption Act, 2018 and discuss how it will help in combating the ongoing corruption in the country. The process of Money Laundering usually involves placement, layering and integration. Discuss. Critically examine the steps taken by India to tackle the menace of Money Laundering.		Q.1	Analyse the present day socio-economic condition in India with the help of case laws.	20	COI	BT 4
Q.3 Corruption Act, 2018 and discuss how it will help in combating the ongoing corruption in the country. 15 CO 3 BT5 The process of Money Laundering usually involves placement, layering and integration. Discuss. Critically examine the steps taken by India to tackle the menace of Money Laundering.		Q.2	 (a) Offences triable by special courts under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substances Act, 1985. (b) The power of arrest, search and seizure conferred on certain officers of different departments under the Narcotics and Psychotropic Substance Act, 	10	CO 2	BT 3
Q.4 placement, layering and integration. Discuss. Critically examine the steps taken by India to tackle the menace of Money Laundering.		Q.3	Corruption Act, 2018 and discuss how it will help in	15	CO 3	
1 1 15 COA DT 5		Q.4	placement, layering and integration. Discuss. Critically examine the steps taken by India to tackle the	15	CO 4	BT 5



"Final Examination, June-2022"

SEMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	27.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	International Commercial Arbitration	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 614
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	1
TIME	3 Hours	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Adv. Sonal Singh	NAME OF COURSE	Nidhi

INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt all questions.

	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRES SED	BLEO M'S LEVE L
Q1	 Write short note- a. International Commercial Arbitration giving reference to Indian case laws b. Foreign Awards c. Difference between Seat, Venue and Place of Arbitration eiting relevant cases. 	20	COI	BT 4
Q2	d. Pathological clauses Explain the jurisdictional, contractual, hybrid and autonomous theories about International Commercial Arbitration.	10	CO 2	BT 4
Q3	What is "lex arbitri"? Examine in detail the role of the national courts in an International Commercial Arbitration.	10	CO 3	BT 4
Q4	What is the law governing the Arbitration Agreement in an International Commercial Arbitration? If the parties do not expressly choose or agree on a law governing Arbitration Agreement, which law will apply to the Arbitration Agreement and why? Explain with the help of the Judgments.	10	CO 4	BT 4
Q5	Discuss the essentials of an effective arbitration agreement? While drafting of an Arbitration Agreement in International Commercial Arbitration what are the issues that one should keep in mind?	10	CO3	ВТ5



SCHOOL OF LAW

"T3 Examination, June-July-2022"

SEMESTER	П	DATE OF EXAM	27-06-2022
SUBJECT NAME	Insolvency and Bankruptey Law	SUBJECT CODE	LWH633
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	Morning
TIME	3 Hrs	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LL.M	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr Som Dutt Bardwaj	NAME OF COURSE	Dr Som Dutt Bardwaj
		COORDINATOR	

- ANSWER ANY FOUR QUESTIONS
- · Each question is for 15 marks.

15 marks x 4 Questions = 60 marks

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Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MAR KS	со	BLOOM 'S LEVEL	
Q1.	The central government in India, in 2016, introduced a code to resolve insolvency cases amid a spike in the number of bankruptcies. This law is known as the IBC or the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code (IBC), 2016. The IBC, which has 255 sections and 11 schedules gives both, the debtor and the creditor, the right to initiate insolvency proceedings against each other. Since the IBC was introduced in 2016, a large number of insolvency cases have been registered and resolved. In reference to above given information, critically analyze the achievements and bottlenecks of IBC 2016 with relevant decided case laws.	15	CO1.2,3	BT5	
Q2.	Creditors of debt-ridden Videocon Industries Ltd will be taking nearly 96 per cent haircut on their loans and the bidder is "paying almost nothing" for the company, NCLT has observed while approving	15	CO1,2,3	вт6	

			_	
	Anil Agarwal"s Twin Star Technologies" Rs 2,962.02 crore-bid under the insolvency resolution process. Videocon Industries and its 12 group companies had a total admitted claims of Rs 64,838.63 crore. The Mumbai bench of the National Company Law Tribunal has also observed that the resolution plan is giving 99.28 per cent to the operational creditors, which it sarcastically hinted to be as a "Hair cut or Tonsure, Total Shave". In reference to above, highlight the problems of resolution strategies/process under IBC and provide viable solutions.			
Q3.	Explain the meaning of 'Financial creditors' and 'operational creditors' with relevant decided case laws.	15	CO1,2,3	BT5
Q4	Explain the concept of 'fresh start' under insolvency and bankruptcy regime with relevant case laws.	15	CO1,2,3	BT5
Q5.	Write a critical note on 'process of insolvency resolution under' IBC with relevant case laws.	15	CO1,2,3	BT5
Q6	In the era of Liberalization Privatization and, Globalization (LPG) where Multi-National Corporations (MNCs) work freely across border doing business and financial transactions, cross border insolvency becomes a big challenge. Critically analyse the statement and provide workable solutions.	15	CO1,2,3	BT6



"T3 Examination, June-2022"

SEMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	27.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	International Commercial Arbitration	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 614
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	Ī
TIME	3 Hours	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Adv. Sonal Singh	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Nidhi

INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt all questions.

	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRES SED	BLOO M'S LEVE L
Q1	 Write short note- a. International Commercial Arbitration giving reference to Indian case laws b. Foreign Awards c. Difference between Seat, Venue and Place of Arbitration citing relevant cases. d. Pathological clauses 	. 20	CO 1	BT 4
Q2	Explain the jurisdictional, contractual, hybrid and autonomous theories about International Commercial Arbitration.	10	CO 2	BT 4
Q3	What is "lex arbitri"? Examine in detail the role of the national courts in an International Commercial Arbitration.	10	CO 3	BT 4
Q4	What is the law governing the Arbitration Agreement in an International Commercial Arbitration? If the parties do not expressly choose or agree on a law governing Arbitration Agreement, which law will apply to the Arbitration Agreement and why? Explain with the help of the Judgments.		CO 4	BT 4
Q5	Discuss the essentials of an effective arbitration agreement? While drafting of an Arbitration Agreement in International Commercial Arbitration what are the issues that one should keep in mind?	10	CO3	BT5



"T3 Examination, June-2022"

SEMESTER	11	DATE OFFICE	27/04/2022
SUBJECTNAME	CENIDED	DATE OFEXAM	27/06/2022
SOBSECTIVANTE	GENDER IN	SUBJECTCODE	LWH647
	CRIMINAL		
	LAW		1
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	1
TIME	3 hes	MAX.MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	3
NAME	Dr.ShaharyarAsafKhan		D. Cl. I C
	Dr.ShaharyarAsarKhan	NAME OF	Dr.ShaharyarAsaf
OFFACUL		COURSECOORDIN	Khan
TY		ATOR	

Note: All questions are compulsory

Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	со	вт
1	In order to under the principles of Gender justice, it is imperative to appreciate the difference between gender and sex. Commenting on the difference between the two, analyse how gender normativity affects the establishment of gender equality in society. OR	15	C01	3
	#MeToo movement marks the fourth wave of feminism in India. Commenting upon the statement discuss the growth of feminism in India			
2	In light of recent judgements, critically analyse the Transgender Persons (Protection of Rights) Act, 2019. OR State the causes of female foeticide in India. In your opinion, are the provisions of the PCPNDT Act, 2002 effective in preventing female foeticide in India? Provide suggestions for strengthening its implementation.	15	CO2	3
3	With the help of recent judgements, analyse the use and misuse of Sections 498-A and 304-B of the Indian Penal Code OR With the help of recent judgements, analyse the use and misuse of Sections 498-A and 304-B of the Indian Penal Code.	15	соз	3

4	Though SC in Navtej Singh vs. Union of India has aptly ruled on the provisions of consensual sexual relations between people of same gender yet the rights of the LGBTQ community have not been effectively realized on the ground level. In the light of above statement discuss the areas which require the immediate attention to ensure recognition of the rights in letters and spirts of the community. OR Despite the amendment in the rape laws there is no effective decline in the offence. In the light of above statement, critically analyse the amendments made in section 375 and its corresponding section in Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.	15	C03	3	
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FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, July-2022"

SEMESTER	2	DATE OF EXAM	30/06/2022
SUBJECT NAME	Corporate Mergers and Acquisitions	SUBJECT CODE	LWH634
BRANCH	Corporate Law	SESSION	, I
TIME	3 hus.,	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LL.M.	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Dr Versha Vahini	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Dr Versha Vahini

Note: All the questions are compulsory.

Q.	.NO.	QUESTIONS	MAR KS	CO ADDRES SED	BLOO M'S LEVEL
PART-A	1(A)	There are four aviation companies in India. One of the companies Biman is a private company with only 20 members, holding equally 100% of its entire equity paid up share capital. Management of Biman makes a proposal its Board of Directors to purchase 50% stake in another company Udan, whose equity paid up share capital is 2000 crore. According to the proposal, Biman would be immensely benefitted from this acquisition, as it would help it to run flights to the newer destinations and will also help reduce competition in near future. The acquisition is proposed to be effected through the following ways: Udan is to issue fresh shares @ 1200 per share to Biman. FOUR Udan promoters will sell their entire stake (40%) to Biman and exit the company entirely. To give effect to the above deal, you are required to guide Biman and Udan regarding the procedure that they are required to following, by reference to the provisions of companies Act or other most relevant laws applicable to the acquisition.	10	CO 4& 3	BT5
	1(B)	Prepare the application, single or joint, as the case may be, which may be filed with the relevant authority, for seeking approval of the deal.	10	CO 2& 3	ВТ4

1(C)	Two shareholders of Biman (husband and wife) are not in favour of the acquisition. According to them, there are three-fold reasons to their objections. One, acquisition will erode the strong corporate culture of Biman. Two, reduction of competition will make it sluggish in the long run and harm it eventually. Three, issue price is way more than market price, thus making the deal costly. These two dissenting shareholders approach you for your advice on how to exercise their rights and get the deal stalled. Advise the two shareholders on their rights and remedies.	5	CO 1& 3	ВТЗ
Q2(A)	Hiralal Labs is a pathlab company listed on BSE and Indore Stock Exchange in India. It has a subsidiary, Lal Labs, which is not a listed company. Lal Labs holds 5% shares in Thyrocare Pathlabs, which is listed on NSE and Tamil Nadu Stock Exchange. Hiralal acquired 21% shares of Thyrocare through a share purchase agreement with promoters @rs. 160 per share, on 5 th October 2017. Hiralal made a public announcement of open offer on 7 th October, 2017 to the share holders of Thyrocare. 2.2% of the capital holders responded and, whose shares were eventually purchased by Hiralal Labs. On 18 th January 2018, Hiralal announced that it will be taken over by Fenglin Labs from China. (Share price of Hiralal on 18 th January was rs. 280) Fenglin did not have any presence in India before that. Fenglin also made an announcement on 20 th January 2018 through a statement in the newspaper in China, that it is in talks with Hiralal labs in India, for the acquisition of 51% stake in the later. On that date, the share price of Hiralal was @ rs. 300 per share and of Thyrocare @ rs. 240 per share. The Board of Hiralal had approved the acquisition on Friday 15 th January 2018. The statement of Hiralal clarified that Fenglin will acquire 51% stake in it through two ways. One, by way of share purchase agreement to acquire promoters' stake of 25% and 26% under open offer. The purchase price of the promoters' stake is @ 320 per share. How much was the shareholding of Hiralal in Thyrocare? Which all provisions are considered for computation of shareholding?	2	CO 3&4	ВТЗ
2(B)	Is Fenglin liable to make open offer to the shareholders of Thyrocare? If yes, why and which provisions? If no, why?	2	CO 3&43	BT2
2(C)	By when Fenglin is liable to file draft offer letter to the SEBI regarding the acquisition of shares in Hiralal and Thyrocare? Explain the provisions.	3	CO 2 & 3	втз

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2(D)	State the provisions, on the basis of which offer price may be determined for acquisition of shares in Thyrocare. What would be the offer price for shares of Thyrocare? Explain the provisions and relevant cases.		CO 1&2	втз
2(E)	Fenglin made it clear that it would acquire 51% stake in Hiralal. Is there a possibility of conditional offer? If yes, explain the law relating to conditional offer to Fenglin, by reference to the conditions, offer size, offer price, cancellation/ withdrawal of offer and completion of primary acquisition and other related aspects.	10	CO 3&4	вт5
2(F)	Draft the Offer Letter regarding acquisition of shares in Hiralal, on behalf of Fenglin, to be filed with SEBI.	10	CO 3& 4	BT4
2(G)	Explain the procedural steps involved in completion of open offer to Fenglin through a tabular chart, stating the steps, timeline for each step and specific dates in this particular case. Taking 15 th January, 2018 as Friday. INDICATIVE TABLE IS GIVEN BELOW. YOU MAY ADD OR REMOVE COLUMNS IF REQURIED.	5	CO 1&2	втз

S. No.	Procedural Step	Number of W/Days or Days	Day and Date
1.			
2.			



SCHOOL OF LAW

"Final Examination, June -2022"

SEMESTER	11	DATE OF EXAM	30.06.2022
SUBJECT NAME	National Security Laws & Fundamental Rights	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 648
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	
TIME	3 Hours	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	Nidhi	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Nidhi #

INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt all questions.

NO .	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRESSE D	BLÖOM 'S LEVEL
21	Is there any real difference between fundamental rights, natural rights and human rights? Discuss why laws made for national security are seen contrary to fundamental rights and its existence becomes a debatable issue in our country.	15	CO I	BT 4
Q2	Discuss the reasons for enactment, continuance and repeal of various security laws in India since independence till date along with relevant case laws. OR Critically analyse any one national security legislation along with relevant case laws.	15	CO 2	BT 4
03	Elaborate the constitutional safeguards against arbitrary arrest and detention. Are these safeguards equally available in case of preventive detention? Discuss the human rights concerns in preventive detention laws? OR "The anti terror laws are in fact misused by the state authorities to suppress the dissent and violate the most basic fundamental rights". Do you agree with the statement? Discuss one case study in detail from recent past to elaborate your answer.	15	CO 3	BT 4
Q3	recent past to claborate your answer.	, .		100



"T-3 Examination - LL.M. - June 2022"

SEMESTER	II	DATE OF EXAM	30 June 2022
SUBJECT NAME	Institutional Arbitration	SUBJECT CODE	LWH615
TIME	3 his.	MAX. MARKS	60
NAME OF FACULTY	Bharatendu Agarwal	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Bharatendu Agarwal

Attempt all 6 questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

	Questions	Marks	со	Bloom's Level
QI	Differentiate between ad-hoc and institutional arbitration. Explain the pros and cons of both.	10	COI	BT2
Q2	Write a detailed note on either Asian International Arbitration Centre (AIAC) or Singapore International Arbitration Centre (SIAC).	10	CO2	BT2
Q3	Write a detailed note on either Mumbai Centre for International Arbitration (MCIA) or Indian Council of Arbitration (ICA).	10	CO3	вт3
Q4	Enumerate the (i) composition and (ii) functions of the Arbitration Council of India (ACI).	10	соз	BT3
Q5	Amendments were brought in the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 in 2015 & 2019 to promote institutional arbitration. What were these amendments? How successful have they been? What other legislative changes, in your opinion, can be brought in to promote institutional arbitration?	10	CO4	BT4
Q6	Finality in arbitration is ensured by the non-appealable nature of an award. Some arbitral institutions, however, provide an appellate review mechanism. Comment on the (i) viability of such a mechanism and (ii) its potential use, if any, in the Indian context.	10	CO4	BT4



FACULTY OF LAW

"T3 Examination, June-2022"

SEMESTER	SECOND	DATE OF EXAM	02/07/2022
SUBJECT NAME	COMPETITION LAW	SUBJECT CODE	LWH635
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	. I
TIME	3 Ms.	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LL.M.	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	DR VERSHA VAHINI	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR VERSHA VAHINI

Instructions:

Attempt questions for 60 marks only. Any combination of questions may be choosen.

	NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	CO ADDR ESSED	BLOOM' S LEVEL
PART-A	Q1	EXPLAIN the Concept of Price Parallelism and demonstrate its application in competition law matters in anti-competitive agreements by CCI.	5	2	3
	Q2	Explain with the help of graph the equilibrium of Industry and firm under perfect competition.	5	1	2
-1374	Q3	Demonstrate the Harvard and Chicago approach to competition Law with the help of cases.	5	3	4
-B PART PART-C	Q4	Critically analyze the concept of gun-jumping under Indian Competition Law. Support your answer with relevant provisions of the law and decided cases.	10	2	4
(-)	Q5	Critically analyze the Consumer Online Foundation v. Tata Sky Ltd. & Ors (CCI- March 2011) by reference to issues, DG recommendations and CCI analysis.	10	3	4
	Q6	Competition Law Review Committee has given a report in 2019 to bring about reforms in Competition Act 2002. Critically analyze the recommendations of the Committee and give your opinion on the Following Points: a. Status of Director General b. Accountability of the Competition Commission of India c. Settlements available to the parties d. Standard prescribed for determining control e. Liabilities of hub and spoke cartels f. Guidance on calculation of penalties by the CCI	10	4	5

Q7	Critically analyze the <i>In Re: Matrimony.com Ltd. And Google LLC</i> (CCI Order on 8 th Feb. 2018)	10	4	5
Q8	Critically analyze the cases, in which essential facility doctrine came to considered or applied in India.	10	1	3
Q9	Flahorate on "hid-rigging" with the help of decided cases.	5	3	4



"T3 Examination, July -2022"

SEMESTER	II	DATE OF EXAM	02-07-2022
SUBJECT NAME	International Criminal Law	SUBJECT CODE	LWH649
BRANCH	LAW	SESSION	Morning
TIME	3hrs.	MAX. MARKS	60
PROGRAM	LL.M	CREDITS	2
NAME OF FACULTY	DR SK BOSE	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	DR SK BOSE

All questions are compulsory.

Marks are indicated against each question.

Q.NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	со	S LEVEL
Q1.	Define international criminal law; briefly discuss its sources and significance in not less than 800 words.	15	CO I	BT2,3,
Q2.	Write an article discussing key elements of international crimes, war crimes, crimes against humanity and genocide. Highlight your own comments and suggestions citing case law. (800 words)	15	CO1, 2,	BT3.5
Q3.	Write Short notes on any one of the following(in 400-500 words each) a. ICTY b. International Criminal Court	10	CO 2,3	BT1,2,3
Q4.	Prepare a case brief of Siderman Blake v. Republic of Argentina as per the template suggested.	10	CO 5	BT4,5
Q5.	Discuss grounds for excluding criminal responsibility as enumerated in Article 31 of the Rome Statute.	10	CO4	BT3,4



"Final Examination, June-2022"

SEMESTER	2nd	DATE OF EXAM	02.07.2022	
SUBJECT NAME	Trade Related Arbitration:	SUBJECT CODE	LWH 616	
BRANCH	Law	SESSION	1	
TIME	3 Hours	MAX. MARKS	60	
PROGRAM	LLM	CREDITS	2	
NAME OF FACULTY	Adv. Renu Gupta	NAME OF COURSE COORDINATOR	Nidhi	

INSTRUCTIONS: Attempt all questions.

1,577	QUESTIONS	MARK S	CO ADDRES SED	M'S LEVE L
Q1	Discuss with the help of relevant case laws the validity of multi-tier arbitration clauses in India.	10	CO I	BT 4
Q2	Discuss the aspects to keep in mind for the employer while imposing liquidated damages on the contractor, in order to resist a subsequent challenge by the contractor. You can build in factual assumptions in your answer. Support your answer with relevant case laws.	10	CO 2	BT 4
Q3	Whether an award debtor can seek interim relief from court? Discuss with the help of important judgments.	10	CO 3	BT 4
Q4	Discuss with the help of case laws the delay related to money claims that a contractor can have for delay of project.	10	CO 4	BT 4
Q5	Elaborate the kind of documentary evidence that are required to prove a claim for prolongation by the contractor during the extended period. Support your answer with relevant case laws.	10	CO3	BT5
Q6	Critically examine the concept of excepted matters in the context of arbitration clauses.	10	CO4	BT5